

**Prirodno-matematički fakultet
Društvo matematičara I fizičara Crne Gore**

OLIMPIJADA ZNANJA 2018.

**Rješenja zadataka iz HEMIJE
za I razred srednje škole**

1. I) D; II) $\text{H}_2\text{O}(\text{s})$ je na sl B

2. I) D, II) C

3. $\text{Ca}(\text{OH})_2 + 2 \text{HCl} \rightarrow \text{CaCl}_2 + 2 \text{H}_2\text{O}$

$$n(\text{HCl})_{\text{poč.}} = 2,5 \cdot 10^{-3} \text{ mol}$$

$$n(\text{HCl})_{\text{neizreag.}} = 2,5 \cdot 10^{-4} \text{ mol}$$

$$n(\text{HCl})_{\text{reag.}} = 2,25 \cdot 10^{-3} \text{ mol}$$

$$n(\text{Ca}(\text{OH})_2)_{\text{potr.}} = 1,13 \cdot 10^{-3} \text{ mol} = 1,13 \text{ mmol}$$

4. $\text{Mr}(\text{Na}_2\text{SO}_4) = 142$

$$m(\text{Na}_2\text{SO}_4) = 0,68 \text{ g}; n(\text{Na}_2\text{SO}_4) = 4,8 \cdot 10^{-3} \text{ mol}$$

$$m(\text{H}_2\text{O}) = 0,86 \text{ g}; n((\text{H}_2\text{O})) = 0,048 \text{ mol}$$

$$n((\text{H}_2\text{O})): n(\text{Na}_2\text{SO}_4) = 0,048 : 0,0048 = 10:1$$

5.

$$\text{Mr}(\text{HClO}_4) = 100,5; \rho = 1116,7 \text{ g/dm}^3 = 1,12 \text{ g/cm}^3$$

6. $Z(\text{Al}) = 13; \text{Ar}(\text{Al}) = 27$

$$Z(\text{O}) = 8; \text{Ar}(\text{O}) = 16$$

$$N = 2,23 \cdot 10^{26} \text{ (elektrona /kg Al}^{3+}\text{)}$$

$$10N_A \text{ (elektr) /mol O}^{2-}$$

$$m(O^{2-}) = 5,924 \cdot 10^4 \text{ g}$$

7. $n_r(\text{PCl}_3) = n_r(\text{Cl}_2) = m_r(\text{Cl}_2) / M(\text{Cl}_2) = 4,0 \cdot 10^{-3} \text{ mol}$

$$[\text{PCl}_3] = [\text{Cl}_2] = n_r(\text{Cl}_2) / V = 0,20 \text{ mol/m}^3.$$

$$K_c = [\text{PCl}_3] \cdot [\text{Cl}_2] / [\text{PCl}_5]$$

$$[\text{PCl}_5] = [\text{PCl}_3] \cdot [\text{Cl}_2] / K_c = 1,0 \text{ mol/m}^3$$

$$[\text{PCl}_5]_{\text{pr.}} = [\text{PCl}_3] = [\text{Cl}_2]$$

$$[\text{PCl}_5]_0 = [\text{PCl}_5] + [\text{PCl}_5]_{\text{pr.}} = 1,2 \text{ mol/m}^3$$

$$n_r(\text{PCl}_5) = c \cdot V = 2 \cdot 10^{-2} \text{ mol}$$

$$n_r = n_r(\text{PCl}_5) + n_r(\text{PCl}_3) + n_r(\text{Cl}_2) = 2,8 \cdot 10^{-2} \text{ mol}$$

$$x(\text{PCl}_5) = 0,71$$

8. A) $K_c = [\text{CO}]^2 / [\text{O}_2]$

B) d)

9. $m(r-ra) = 22 \text{ g}$

$$m(\text{HCl}) = 4,54 \text{ g}$$

$$n(\text{HCl}) = 0,125 \text{ mol}$$

$$n_1(\text{HCl}) = n(\text{HCl})$$

$$m_1(r-ra) = 202 \text{ g}$$

$$w_1(\text{HCl}) = 0,022 \text{ (2,2\%)}$$

$$V_1 = 200 \text{ cm}^3$$

$$c_1 = 0,62 \text{ mol/dm}^3$$

10. b