

Фурьејева редова

$$\frac{a_0}{2} + \sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \left(a_m \cdot \cos \frac{2m\pi}{b-a} \cdot x + b_m \cdot \sin \frac{2m\pi}{b-a} x \right)$$

$$a_m = \frac{2}{b-a} \int_a^b f(x) \cos \frac{2m\pi}{b-a} x \cdot dx, \quad m \in \mathbb{N}_0$$

$$b_m = \frac{2}{b-a} \int_a^b f(x) \sin \frac{2m\pi}{b-a} x \cdot dx, \quad m \in \mathbb{N}$$

[a, b]

Пр. Разложити на Фурјеов ред функцију $f(x) = x$ на $[-\pi, \pi]$

$$a = -\pi \quad b = \pi$$

$$\frac{a_0}{2} + \sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \left(a_m \cdot \cos \frac{2m\pi}{\pi - (-\pi)} x + b_m \cdot \sin \frac{2m\pi}{2\pi} x \right)$$

$$\frac{a_0}{2} + \sum_{m=1}^{\infty} (a_m \cdot \cos mx + b_m \cdot \sin mx)$$

$$a_0 = \frac{2}{2\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} f(x) dx = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} f(x) dx = 0$$

f - је нечетна
 $f(-x) = -x$

$$a_m = \frac{2}{2\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \underbrace{f(x)}_{\text{неч}} \cdot \underbrace{\cos x}_{\text{парна}} \cdot dx = 0$$

параметра

кагда је функција непарна $a_n=0 \quad \forall n \in \mathbb{N}$

кагда је функција парна тада је $b_n=0, \quad \forall n \in \mathbb{N}$

$$b_m = \frac{2}{2\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \underbrace{f(x)}_{\text{неп.}} \cdot \underbrace{\sin mx dx}_{\text{неп.}} = \frac{1}{\pi} \cdot 2 \int_0^{\pi} f(x) \cdot \sin mx dx =$$

$$\frac{2}{\pi} \int_0^{\pi} x \cdot \sin mx dx \quad \left\{ \begin{array}{l} u=x \quad du=dx \\ dv=\sin mx dx \quad \int dv = \int \sin mx dx \\ v = -\frac{1}{m} \cdot \cos x \end{array} \right.$$

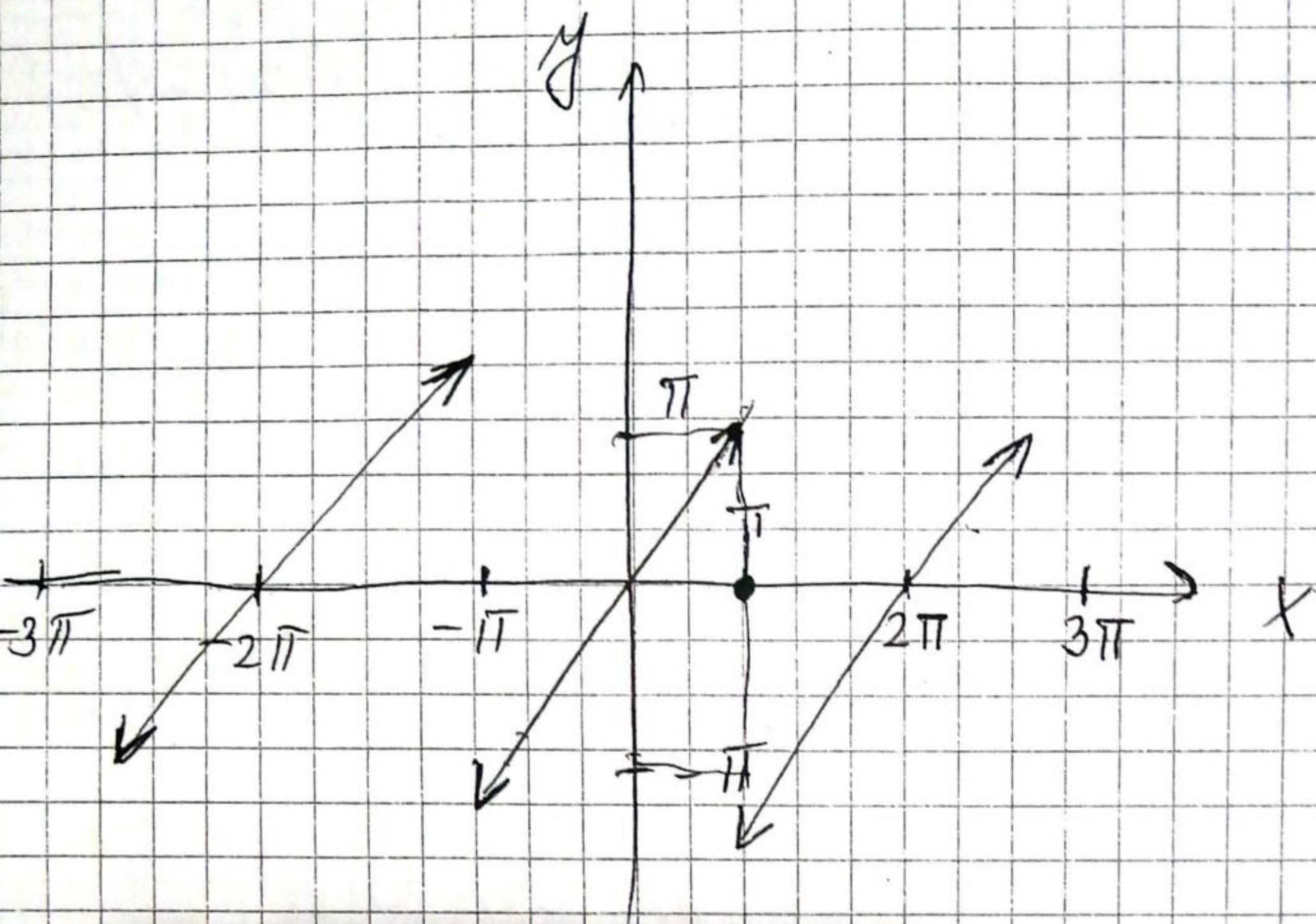
$$\frac{2}{\pi} \left(-\frac{x}{m} \cdot \cos mx \Big|_0^{\pi} + \frac{1}{m} \int_0^{\pi} \cos mx dx \right)$$

$$\frac{2}{\pi} \left(-\frac{\pi}{m} \cdot \cos m\pi + 0 + \frac{1}{m} \cdot \frac{1}{m} \sin mx \Big|_0^{\pi} \right) =$$

$$= -\frac{2}{m} \cdot \underline{(-1)^m} = \text{ок}$$

$$= \frac{2}{m} \cdot (-1)^{m-1}$$

$$S(x) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{2 \cdot (-1)^{n-1}}{n} \cdot \sin nx \quad |x| < +\infty$$



$$f(x) = S(x), \quad x \in (-\pi, \pi)$$

$$f(x) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{2(-1)^{n-1}}{n} \cdot \sin nx, \quad x \in (-\pi, \pi)$$

$$x = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{2(-1)^{n-1}}{n} \cdot \sin nx, \quad x \in (-\pi, \pi)$$

① Развитье у функције прег функцију $f(x) = |x|$
 на интервалу $(-\pi, \pi)$

R
 $a = -\pi$
 $a = \pi$

$$\frac{a_0}{2} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left(a_n \cdot \cos\left(\frac{2n\pi}{b-a}x\right) + b_n \cdot \sin\left(\frac{2n\pi}{b-a}x\right) \right) dx$$

$f(-x) = |-x| = |x| = f(x) \Rightarrow f$ је парна
 функција $b_n = 0, \forall n \in \mathbb{N}$

$$\frac{a_0}{2} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} a_n \cos nx$$

$$a_0 = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \underbrace{f(x)}_{\text{парна}} dx = \frac{1}{\pi} \cdot 2 \cdot \int_0^{\pi} f(x) dx =$$

$$= \frac{2}{\pi} \cdot \int_0^{\pi} |x| \cdot dx =$$

$$= \frac{2}{\pi} \cdot \int_0^{\pi} x dx = \frac{2}{\pi} \cdot \frac{x^2}{2} \Big|_0^{\pi} = \pi$$

$$a_n = \frac{2}{2\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} f(x) \cdot \underbrace{\cos nx}_{\text{parma}} \cdot dx = \frac{1}{\pi} \cdot 2 \int_0^{\pi} |x| \cdot \cos nx \cdot dx =$$

$$= \frac{2}{\pi} \int_0^{\pi} x \cdot \cos nx \cdot dx = \left[u=x \Rightarrow du=dx \right]$$

$$V = \int \cos nx = \frac{1}{n} \sin nx$$

$$\frac{2}{\pi} \cdot \left(\frac{x}{n} \cdot \sin nx \Big|_0^{\pi} - \frac{1}{n} \int_0^{\pi} \sin nx \cdot dx \right) =$$

$$= -\frac{2}{n\pi} \left(-\frac{1}{n} \right) \cdot \cos nx \Big|_0^{\pi} =$$

$$= \frac{2}{n^2\pi} (\cos n\pi - \cos 0) = \frac{2}{n^2\pi} ((-1)^n - 1)$$

$$a_n = \frac{2}{n^2\pi} ((-1)^n - 1)$$

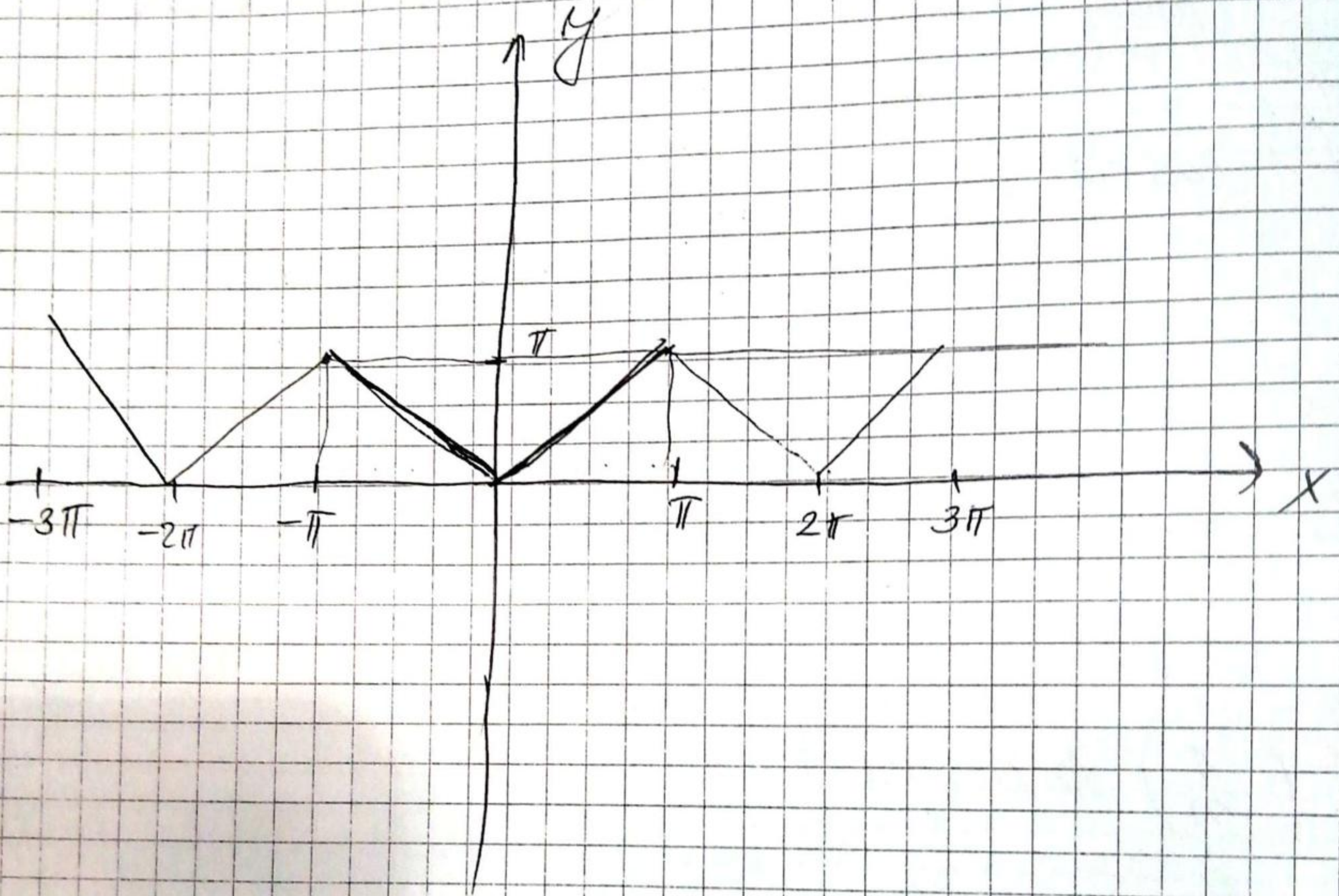
$$a_n = \begin{cases} 0 & n - \text{царно} \\ -\frac{4}{n^2\pi} & n - \text{нечетно} \end{cases}$$

$$S(x) = \frac{\pi}{2} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{2}{n^2\pi} ((-1)^n - 1) \cos nx$$

$$S(x) = \frac{\pi}{2} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{-4}{(2n-1)^2\pi} \cdot \cos(2n-1)x$$

$$f(x) = S(x), \quad x \in [-\pi, \pi]$$

$$|x| = \frac{\pi}{2} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{4}{(2n-1)^2 \pi} \cdot \cos(2n-1)x, \quad x \in [-\pi, \pi]$$



~~⊗~~ $x=0$

$$0 = \frac{\pi}{2} - \frac{4}{\pi} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{(2n-1)^2} \cdot \cos 0$$

$$\frac{\pi}{2} - \frac{4}{\pi} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{(2n-1)^2} = 0$$

$$\frac{4}{\pi} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{(2n-1)^2} = \frac{\pi}{2}$$

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{(2n-1)^2} = \frac{\pi^2}{8}$$

② Функцију $f(x) = 2x - x^2$ развинути у Фурјеов
 ред на $[0, 3]$

$$f(x) = \frac{a_0}{2} + \sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \left(a_m \cdot \cos\left(\frac{2m\pi}{b-a}x\right) + b_m \cdot \sin\left(\frac{2m\pi}{b-a}x\right) \right)$$

$$a_m = \frac{2}{b-a} \int_a^b f(x) \cdot \cos\left(\frac{2m\pi}{b-a}x\right) dx$$

$$b_m = \frac{2}{b-a} \int_a^b f(x) \cdot \sin\left(\frac{2m\pi}{b-a}x\right) dx$$

$$a = 0$$

$$b = 3$$

$$\frac{a_0}{2} + \sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \left(a_m \cdot \cos\left(\frac{2m\pi}{3}x\right) + b_m \cdot \sin\left(\frac{2m\pi}{3}x\right) \right)$$

$$a_0 = \frac{2}{3} \int_0^3 f(x) dx = \frac{2}{3} \int_0^3 (2x - x^2) dx =$$

$$= \frac{2}{3} \cdot x^2 \Big|_0^3 - \frac{2}{9} x^3 \Big|_0^3 = 6 - 6 = 0$$

$$a_m = \frac{2}{3} \int_0^3 (2x - x^2) \cdot \cos\left(\frac{2m\pi}{3}x\right) dx =$$

$$\left[u = 2x - x^2 \Rightarrow du = (2 - 2x) dx \right. \\ \left. du = 2(1-x) dx \right]$$

$$v = \int \cos\left(\frac{2m\pi}{3}x\right) dx$$

$$= \frac{3}{2m\pi} \cdot \sin\left(\frac{2m\pi}{3}x\right)$$

$$= \frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{3}{2m\pi} \cdot (2x - x^2) \cdot \sin\left(\frac{2m\pi}{3}x\right) \Big|_0^3 - \frac{3}{m\pi} \int_0^3 (1-x) \cdot \sin\left(\frac{2m\pi}{3}x\right) dx \right)$$

$$-\frac{2}{n\pi} \int_0^3 (1-x) \sin \frac{2n\pi}{3} x dx =$$

$$\begin{aligned} \sqrt{u=1-x} &\Rightarrow du = -dx \\ V &= \int \sin \frac{2n\pi}{3} x dx \end{aligned}$$

$$\Rightarrow V = -\frac{3}{2n\pi} \cos \frac{2n\pi}{3} x$$

$$= -\frac{2}{n\pi} \cdot \left(-\frac{3}{2n\pi} \cdot (1-x) \cdot \cos \frac{2n\pi}{3} \Big|_0^3 + \frac{3}{2n\pi} \int_0^3 \cos \frac{2n\pi}{3} x dx \right) =$$

$$= \frac{3}{n^2\pi^2} \cdot \left(-2 \cos 2n\pi - 1 \cdot \cos 0 \right) - \frac{3}{n^2\pi^2} \cdot \frac{3}{2n\pi} \sin \frac{2n\pi}{3} x \Big|_0^3$$

$$= \frac{3}{n^2\pi^2} (-2 \cos 2n\pi - 1 \cos 0)$$

$$= \frac{3}{n^2\pi^2} (-2 \cdot 1 - 1) = -\frac{9}{n^2\pi^2}, \quad n \in \mathbb{N}$$

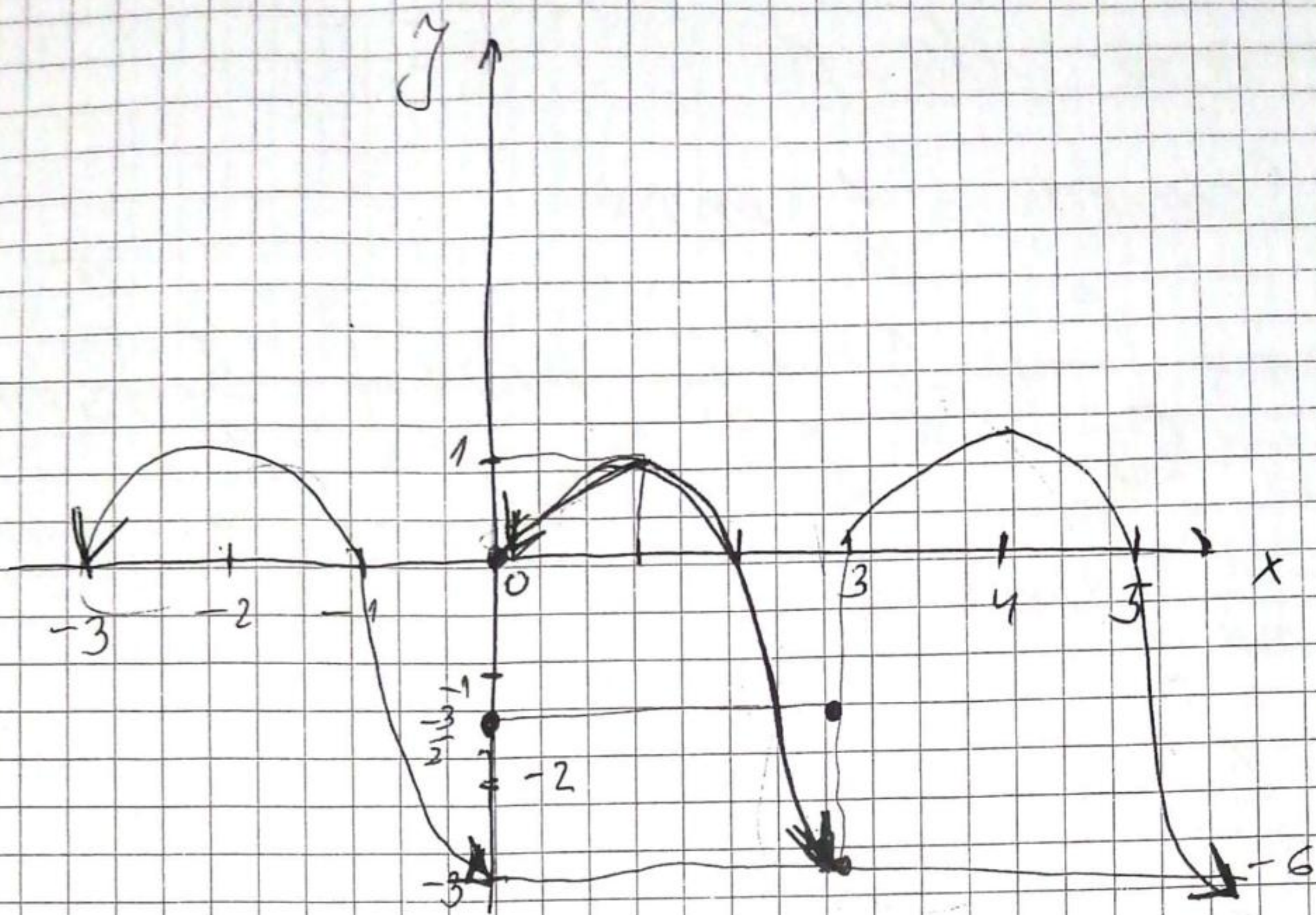
$$b_n = \frac{2}{3} \int_0^3 (2x - x^2) \cdot \sin \frac{2n\pi}{3} x dx = \dots = 0$$

$$\underline{\underline{R}} \frac{3}{n\pi}, \quad n \in \mathbb{N}$$

$$S(x) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left(\frac{-9}{n^2\pi^2} \cdot \cos \frac{2n\pi}{3} + \frac{3}{n\pi} \cdot \sin \frac{2n\pi}{3} x \right)$$

$$f(x) = S(x) \quad x \in [0, 3]$$

$$2x - x^2 = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left(\frac{-9}{n^2\pi^2} \cdot \cos \frac{2n\pi}{3} x + \frac{3}{n\pi} \cdot \sin \frac{2n\pi}{3} x \right) \quad x \in (0, 3)$$



③ Функцию $f(x) = \begin{cases} \pi, & -\pi \leq x < 0 \\ x, & 0 \leq x \leq \pi \end{cases}$
 развить в Фурье ряд на $[-\pi, \pi]$

$$\frac{a_0}{2} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left(a_n \cos \frac{2n\pi}{b-a} x + b_n \sin \frac{2n\pi}{b-a} x \right)$$

$$\frac{a_0}{2} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (a_n \cdot \cos nx + b_n \cdot \sin nx)$$

$$a_0 = \frac{2}{2\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} f(x) dx = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} f(x) dx = \frac{1}{\pi} \left(\int_{-\pi}^0 f(x) dx + \int_0^{\pi} f(x) dx \right)$$

$$= \frac{1}{\pi} \cdot \left(\int_{-\pi}^0 \pi \cdot dx + \int_0^{\pi} x \cdot dx \right) = \frac{1}{\pi} \left(\pi \cdot x \Big|_{-\pi}^0 + \frac{x^2}{2} \Big|_0^{\pi} \right) =$$

$$= \frac{1}{\pi} \left(\pi^2 + \frac{\pi^2}{2} \right) = \frac{1}{\pi} \cdot \frac{3\pi^2}{2} = \frac{3\pi}{2}$$

$$a_n = \frac{2}{2\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} f(x) \cdot \cos nx dx = \frac{1}{\pi} \cdot \int_{-\pi}^0 \pi \cdot \cos nx dx + \frac{1}{\pi} \int_0^{\pi} x \cdot \cos nx dx =$$

$$= \sqrt{u=x} \Rightarrow du=dx$$

$$V = \int \cos nx dx = \frac{1}{n} \sin nx$$

$$\frac{1}{m} \sin mx \Big|_0^{\pi} + \frac{1}{\pi} \cdot \left(\frac{x}{m} \cdot \sin mx \Big|_0^{\pi} - \frac{1}{m} \int_0^{\pi} \sin mx dx \right) =$$

$$= -\frac{1}{m\pi} \int_0^{\pi} \sin mx dx =$$

$$= -\frac{1}{m\pi} \cdot \left(-\frac{1}{m} \right) \cdot \cos mx \Big|_0^{\pi} =$$

$$= \frac{1}{m^2 \cdot \pi} (\cos m\pi - \cos 0)$$

$$\frac{1}{m^2 \pi} \cdot ((-1)^m - 1)$$

$$a_m = \frac{1}{m^2 \cdot \pi} ((-1)^m - 1)$$

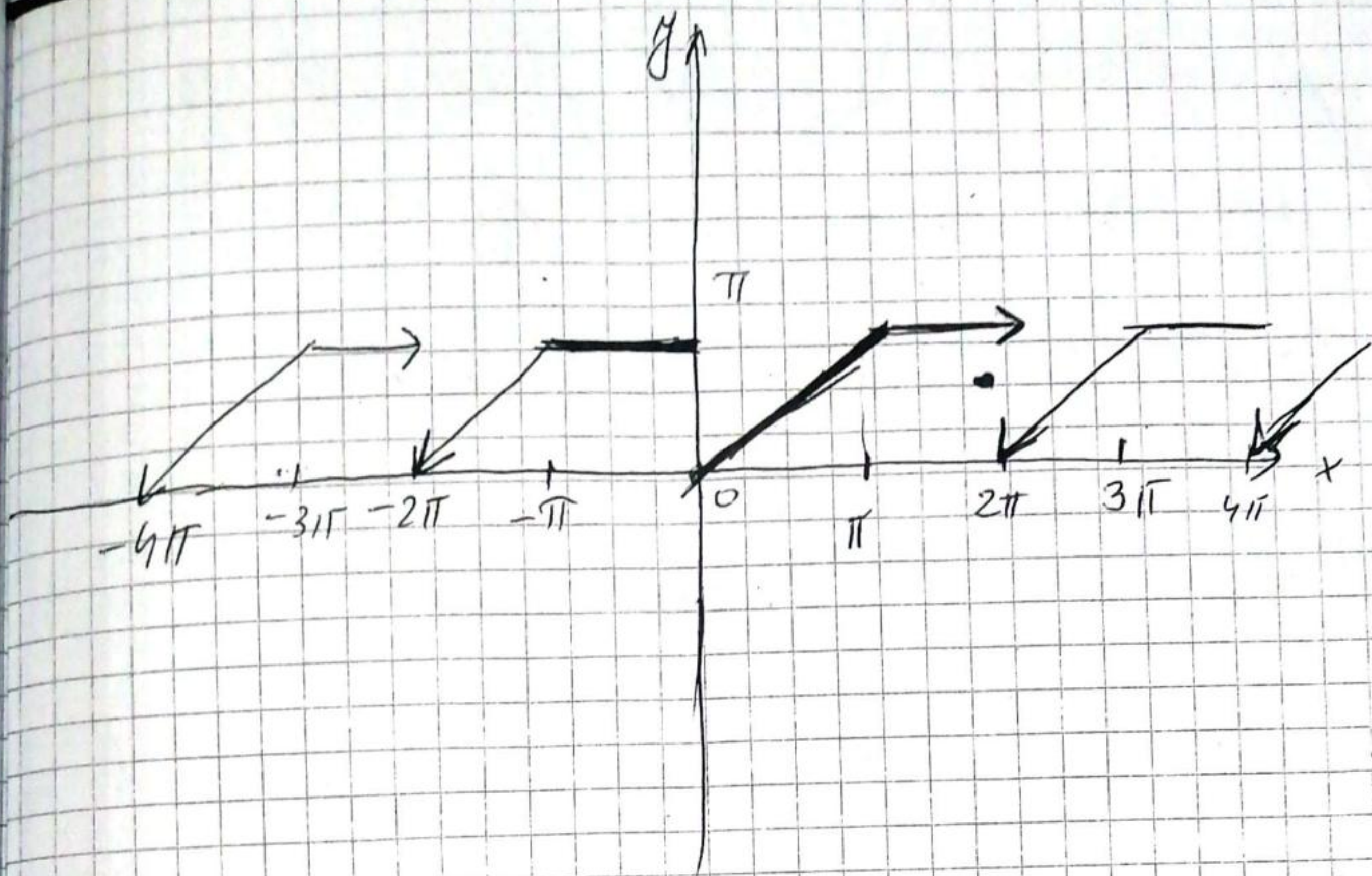
$$a_n = \begin{cases} 0 & , n - \text{нечетно} \\ -\frac{2}{m^2 \pi} & , m - \text{четно} \end{cases}$$

$$b_m = \frac{2}{2\pi} \int_0^{\pi} f(x) \sin mx dx = \frac{1}{\pi} \cdot \int_{-\pi}^0 \pi \cdot \sin mx dx$$

$$+ \frac{1}{\pi} \int_0^{\pi} x \cdot \sin mx dx = \dots = -\frac{1}{m}$$

$$f(x) = \frac{3\pi}{4} + \sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{-2}{(2m-1)^2 \pi} \cdot \cos(2m-1)x + \sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \left(-\frac{1}{m}\right) \cdot \sin mx$$

$x \in [-\pi, \pi]$



* Ако функцију поредом развеша у синусни
 Фурјеов ред то значи да ~~то~~ функцију
 поредом кепарто проширили $f(x)$ и онда
 $f(x)$ развешамо у Фурјеов ред!

* Ако функцију поредом развеша у косинусни
 Фурјеов ред, прво је парто проширили
 и функцију $f(x)$ и онда развешамо
 $f(x)$ у Фурјеов ред.

$$F(x) = \begin{cases} f(x), & 0 \leq x \leq \pi \\ -f(x), & -\pi \leq x < 0 \end{cases} \quad \left. \vphantom{\begin{cases} f(x) \\ -f(x) \end{cases}} \right\} \begin{array}{l} \text{кепарто} \\ \text{проширење} \end{array}$$

$$G(x) = \begin{cases} f(x), & 0 \leq x \leq \pi \\ f(-x), & -\pi \leq x < 0 \end{cases}$$

парто
 проширење

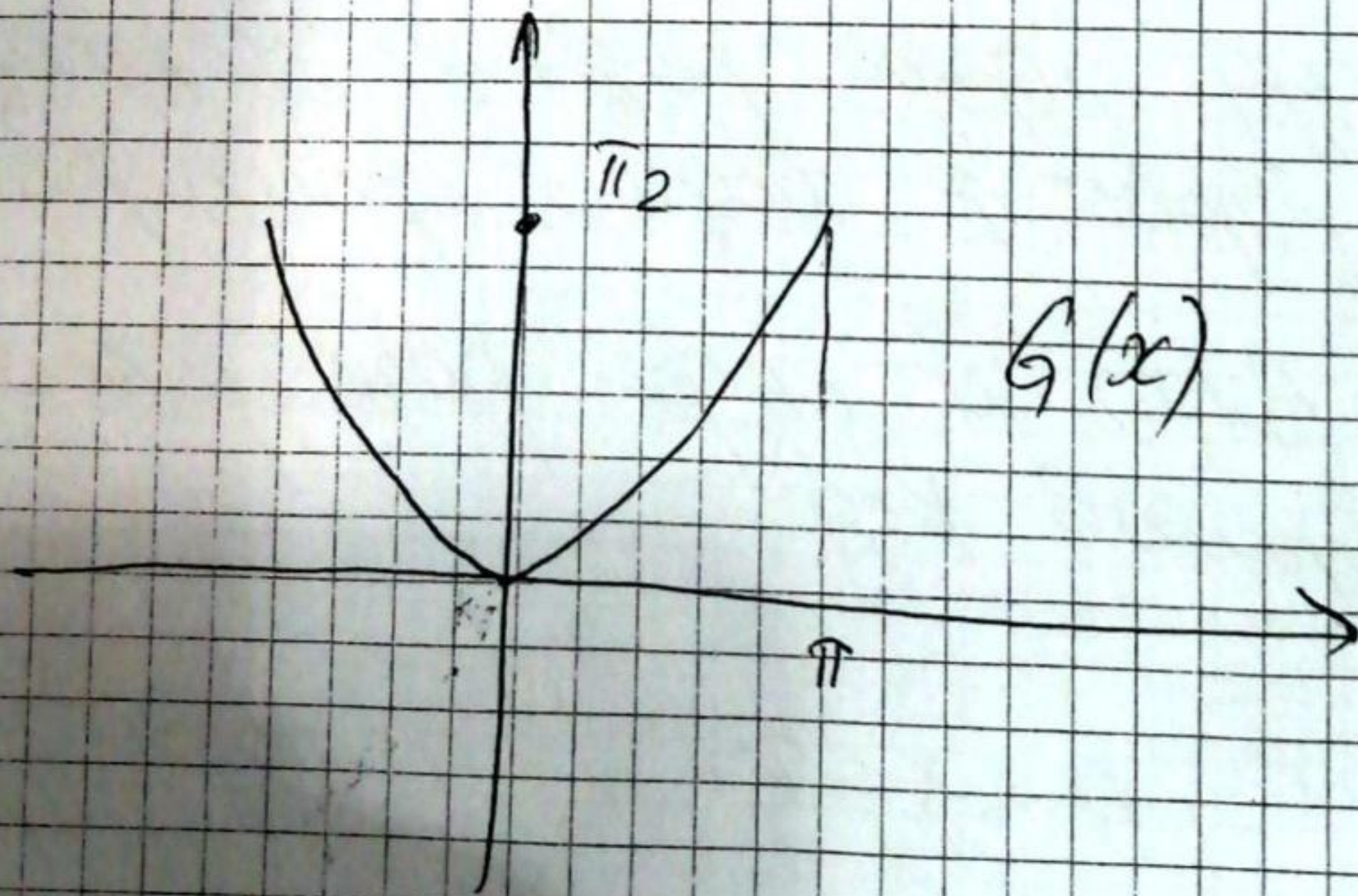
⑥ Функцию $f(x) = x^2$ разложить в косинусы
 Фурье в ряд на интервале $[0, \pi]$
 Разбой некорисполит и обратисилит

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^2}, \quad \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^{n-1}}{n^2}, \quad \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{(2n-1)^2}$$

Функцию $f(x)$ проширимо парито на $[-\pi, \pi]$

$$G(x) = \begin{cases} f(x), & 0 \leq x \leq \pi \\ f(-x), & -\pi \leq x < 0 \end{cases}$$

$$G(x) = \begin{cases} x^2, & 0 \leq x \leq \pi \\ (-x)^2, & -\pi \leq x < 0 \end{cases} = x^2 \quad x \in [-\pi, \pi]$$



Функцию $G(x)$ разложить в Фурье в ряд на $[-\pi, \pi]$

$$\frac{a_0}{2} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (a_n \cdot \cos nx + b_n \cdot \sin nx)$$

$$a_n = \frac{2}{2\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} G(x) \cdot \cos nx \, dx$$

$$b_n = \frac{2}{2\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \underbrace{G(x)}_{\text{par}} \cdot \underbrace{\sin nx}_{\text{nep}} \, dx = 0$$

$$a_0 = \frac{2}{2\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} G(x) \, dx = \frac{1}{\pi} \cdot 2 \int_0^{\pi} G(x) \, dx =$$

$$= \frac{2}{\pi} \int_0^{\pi} x^2 \, dx = \frac{2}{\pi} \cdot \left. \frac{x^3}{3} \right|_0^{\pi} = \frac{2\pi^2}{3}$$

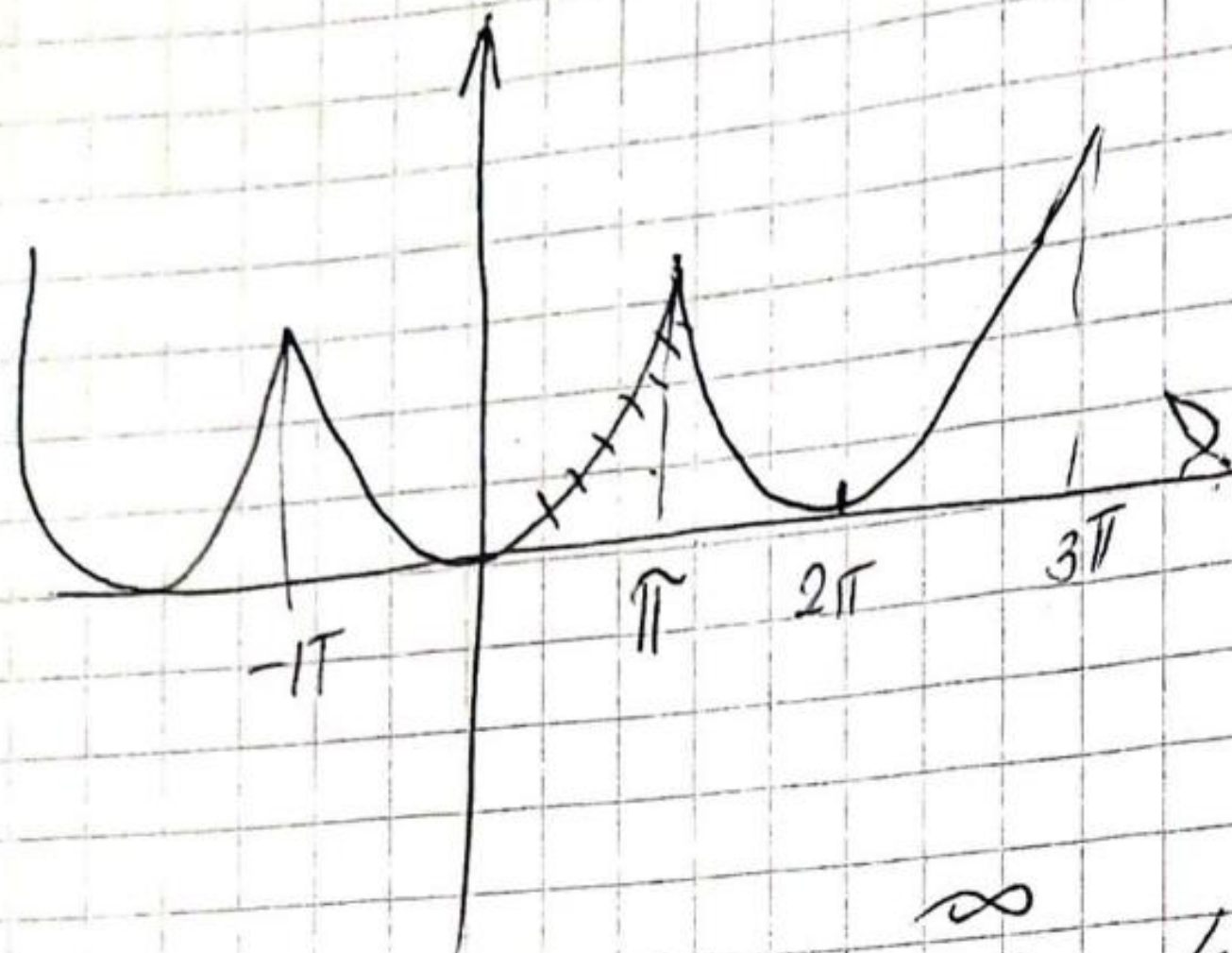
$$a_n = \frac{2}{2\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \underbrace{G(x)}_p \cdot \underbrace{\cos nx}_p \, dx = \frac{1}{\pi} \cdot 2 \int_0^{\pi} G(x) \cdot \cos nx \, dx$$

parno

$$= \frac{2}{\pi} \int_0^{\pi} x^2 \cdot \cos nx \, dx \dots \dots \dots \begin{matrix} \text{Гарунайт} \\ \text{интеграл} \end{matrix}$$

$$a_n = \frac{4}{n^2} \cdot \cos n\pi = \frac{4}{n^2} (-1)^n$$

$$S(x) = \frac{\pi^2}{3} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{4(-1)^n}{n^2} \cdot \cos nx, \quad x \in (-\infty, +\infty)$$



$$f(x) = x^2 = \frac{\pi^2}{3} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{4 \cdot (-1)^n}{n^2} \cdot \cos nx, \quad x \in [0, \pi]$$

$$x = \pi : \quad \pi^2 = \frac{\pi^2}{3} + 4 \cdot \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n}{n^2} \cdot \cos n\pi$$

$$4 \cdot \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n}{n^2} \cdot (-1)^n = \frac{2}{3} \pi^2$$

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^2} = \frac{\pi^2}{6}$$

$$\underbrace{x=0}$$

$$\frac{\pi^2}{3} + 4 \cdot \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n}{n^2} = 0$$

$$4 \cdot \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n}{n^2} = -\frac{\pi^2}{3}$$

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^{n-1}}{n^2} = \frac{\pi^2}{12}$$

godinu cho ga je

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^2} = \frac{\pi^2}{6}$$

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{(2n-1)^2} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{(2n)^2} = \frac{\pi^2}{6}$$

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{(2n-1)^2} + \frac{1}{4} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^2} = \frac{\pi^2}{6}$$

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{(2n-1)^2} + \frac{1}{4} \cdot \frac{\pi^2}{6} = \frac{\pi^2}{6}$$

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{(2n-1)^2} = \frac{\pi^2}{8}$$