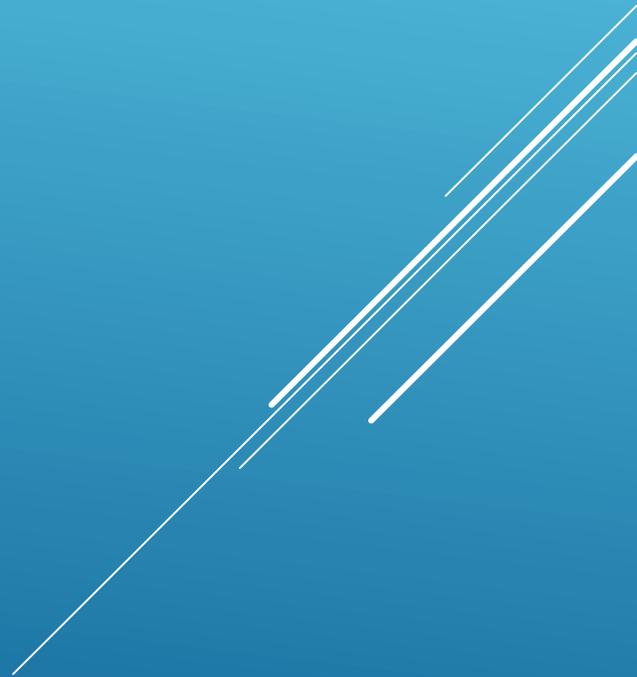
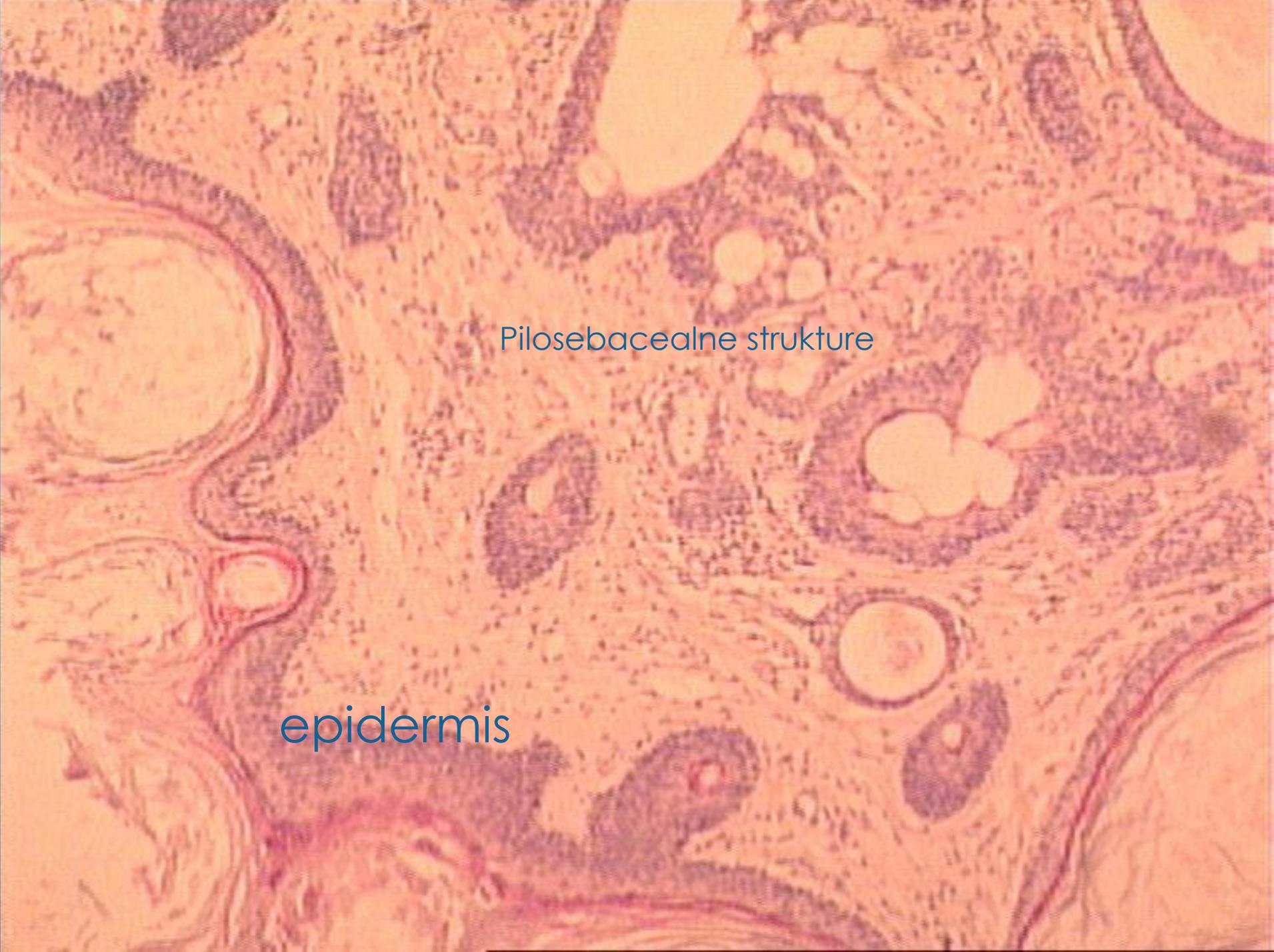


# MUŠKI I ŽENSKI REPRODUKTIVNI TRAKT

Dr sci. med. Mirjana Miladinović

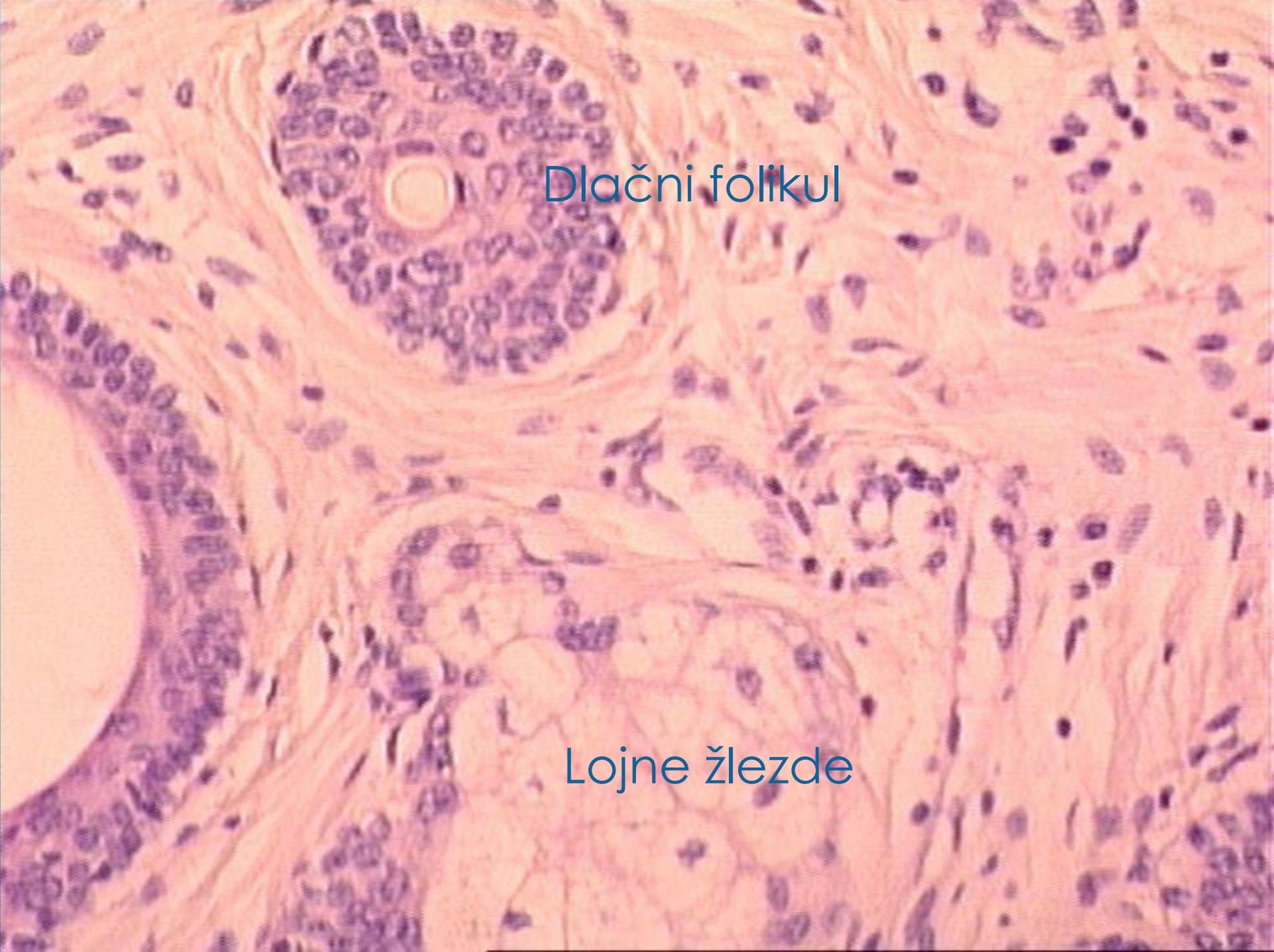
# Teratoma cysticum ovarii





Pilosebacealne strukture

epidermis



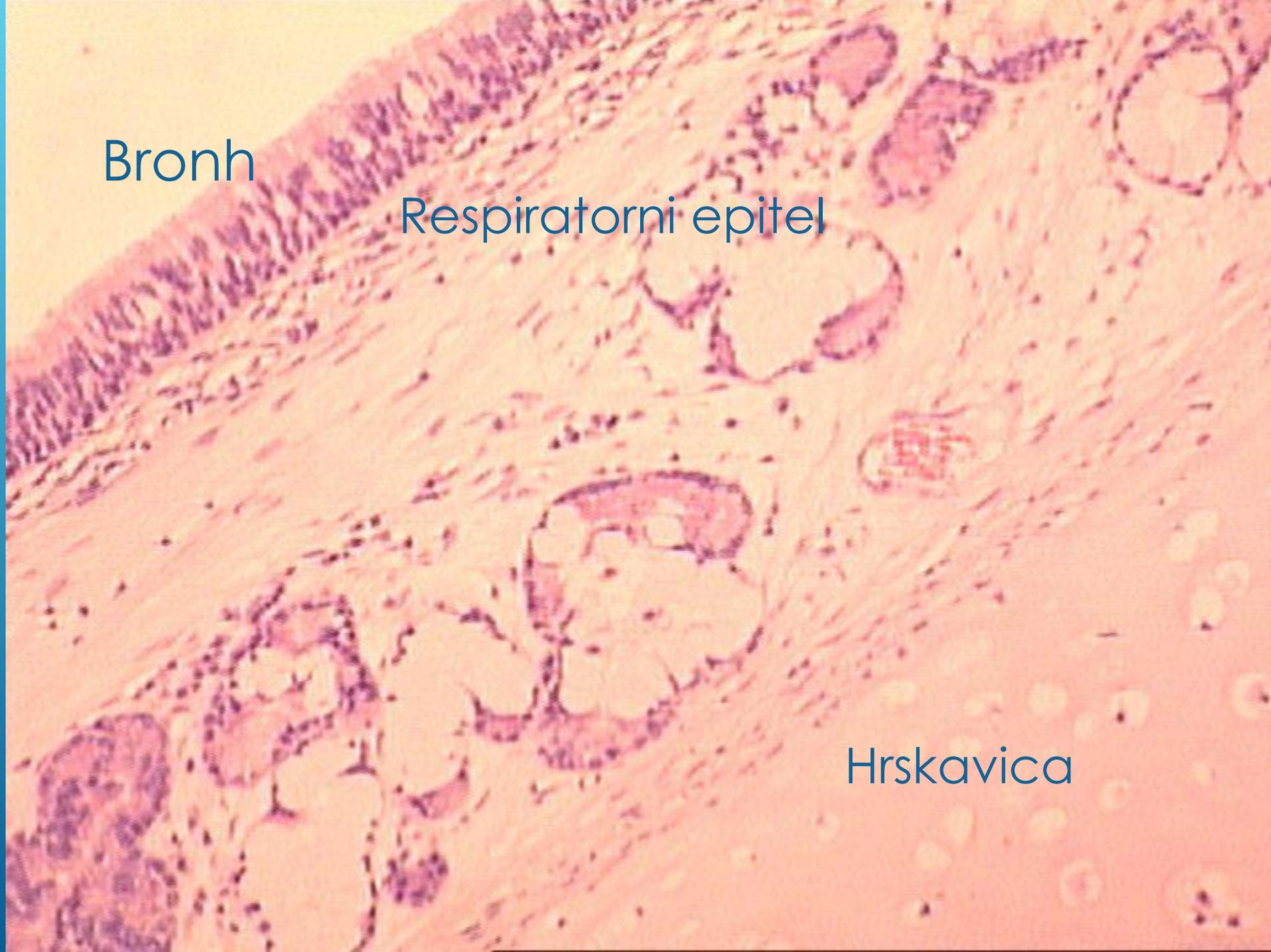
Dlačni folikul

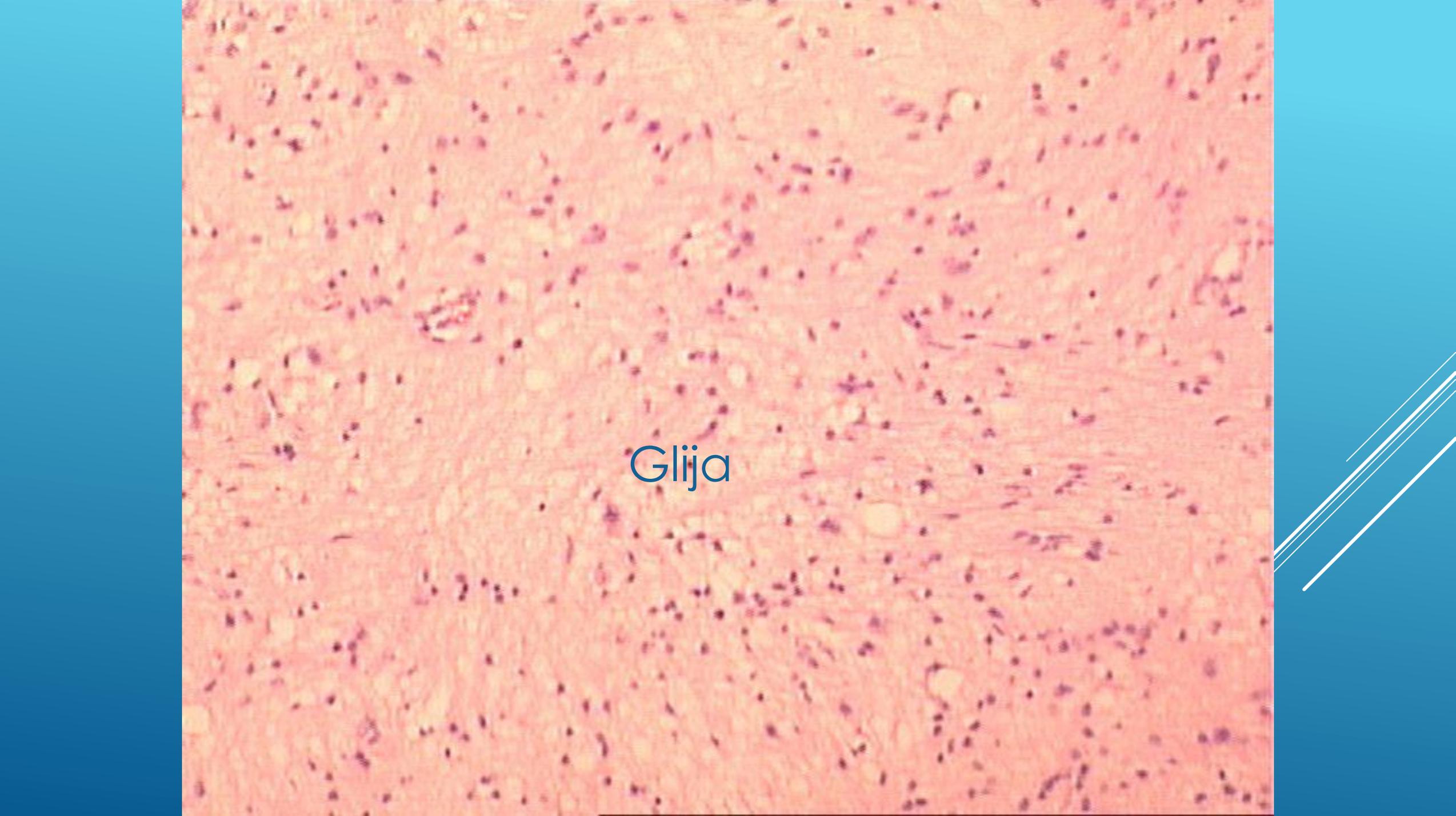
Lojne žlezde

Bronh

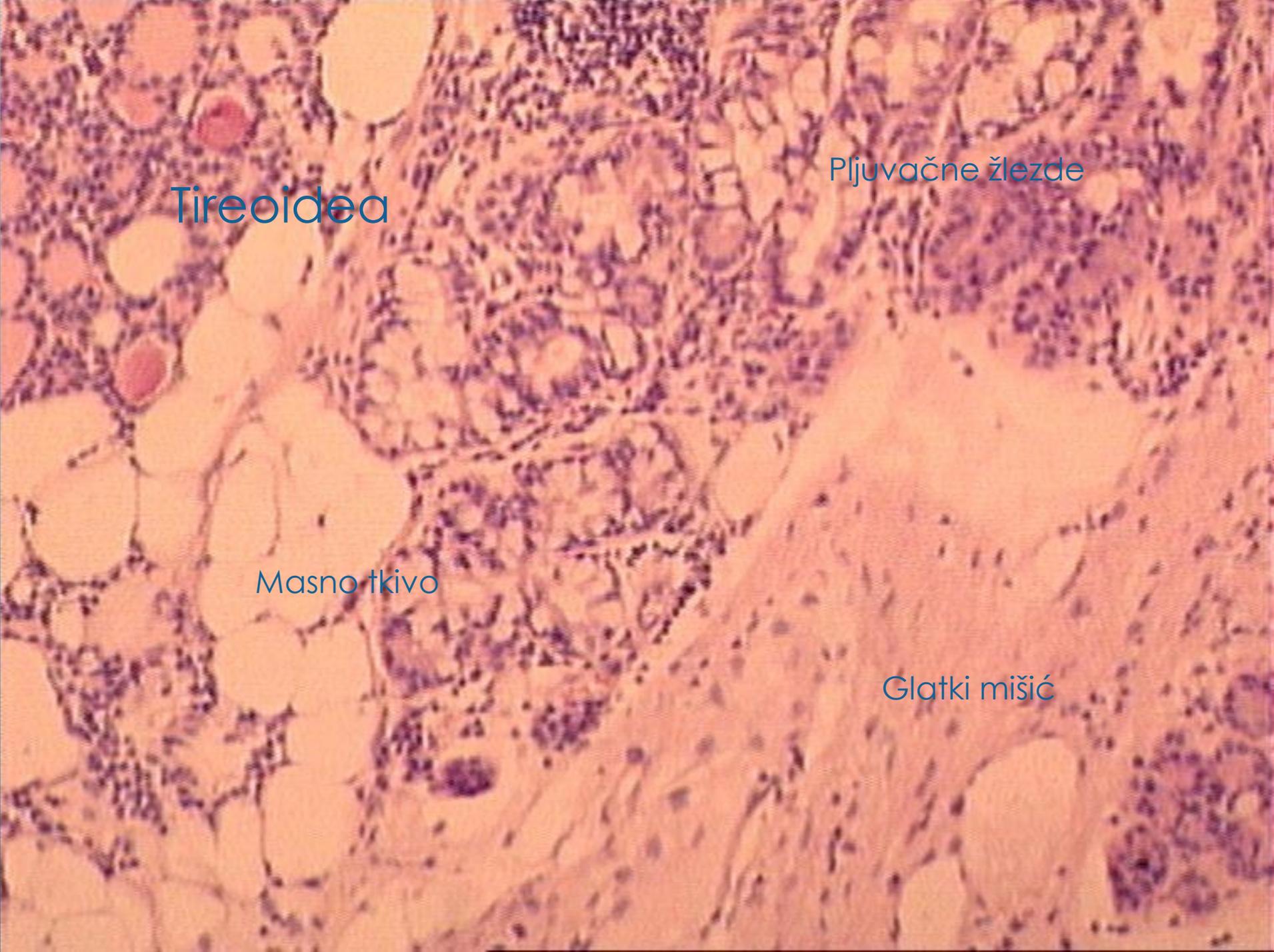
Respiratorni epitel

Hrskavica





Glija



Tireoidea

This histological micrograph shows a cross-section of the tongue. The thyroid gland (Tireoidea) is visible as a cluster of follicles with pink-stained colloid. Salivary glands (Plijuvačne žlezde) are seen as clusters of cells with dark nuclei. Adipose tissue (Masno tkivo) appears as large, clear, pale areas. Smooth muscle (Glatki mišić) is shown as a dense layer of spindle-shaped cells with elongated nuclei.

Plijuvačne žlezde

Masno tkivo

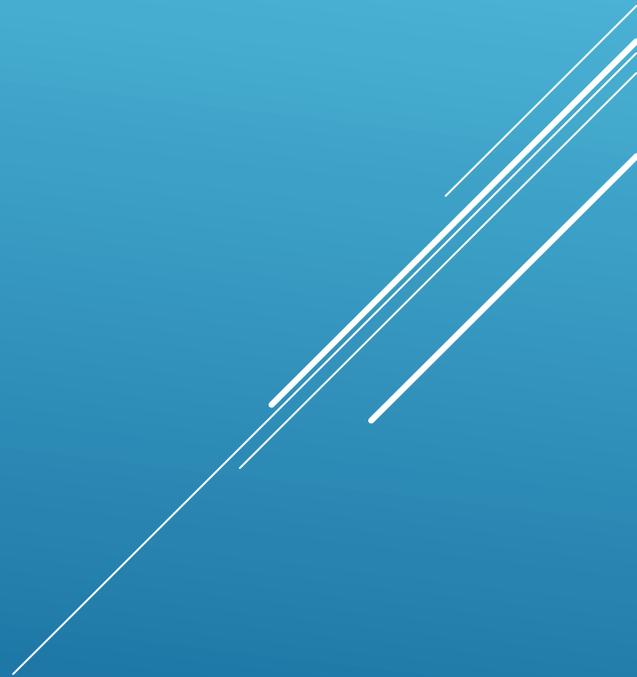
Glatki mišić

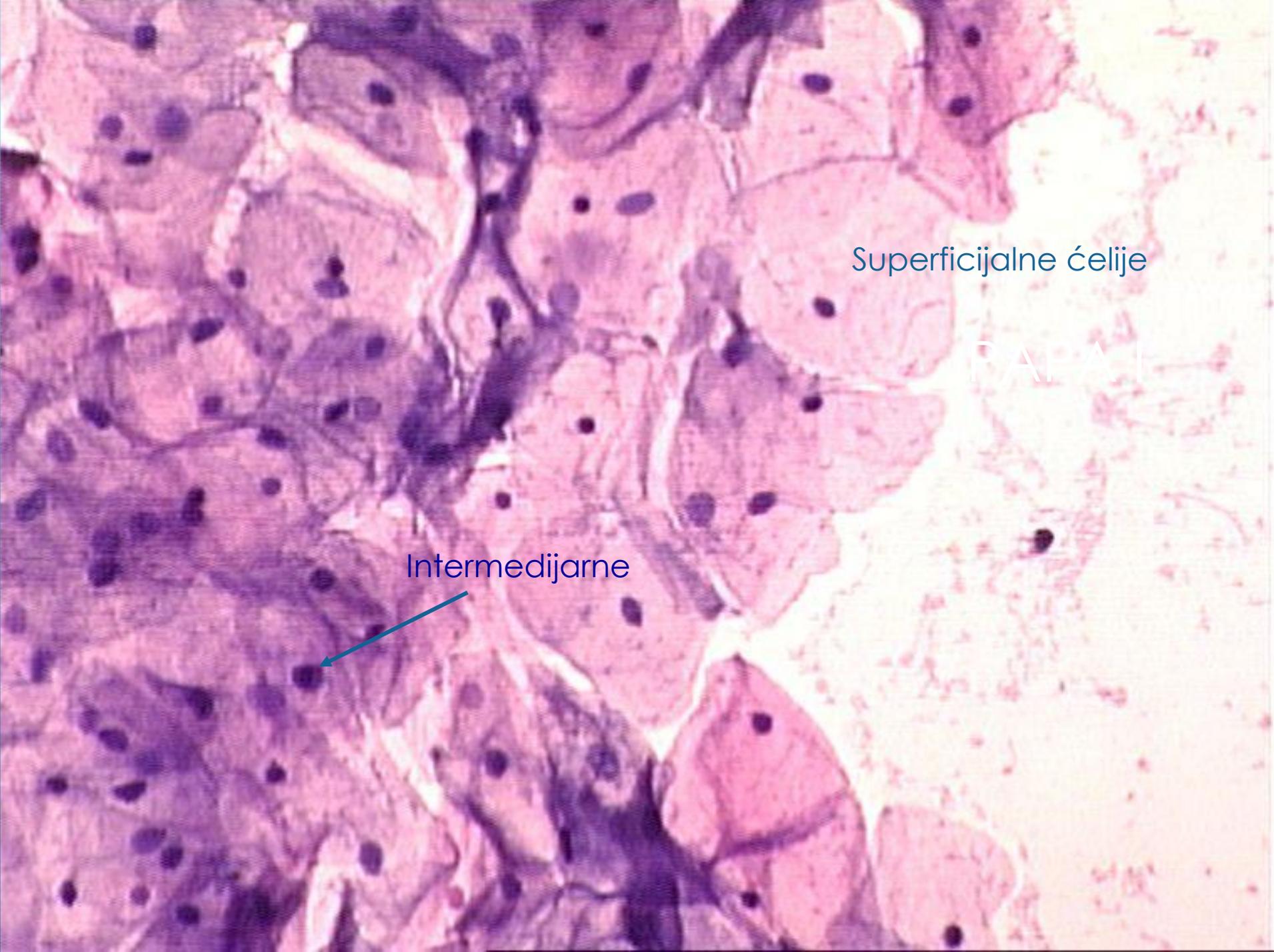
A microscopic image of skin tissue, likely from the dermis, stained with hematoxylin and eosin (H&E). The image shows a dense population of cells with purple nuclei and pink cytoplasm/extracellular matrix. A prominent feature is a circular structure in the lower center, which is a sebaceous gland. The surrounding tissue consists of various cell types, including what is labeled as glial tissue. The overall appearance is that of a histological section of skin.

Glijalno tkivo

Lojna žleza

PAPA I, PAPA II, PAPA IV

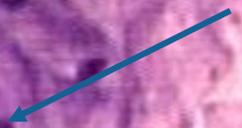


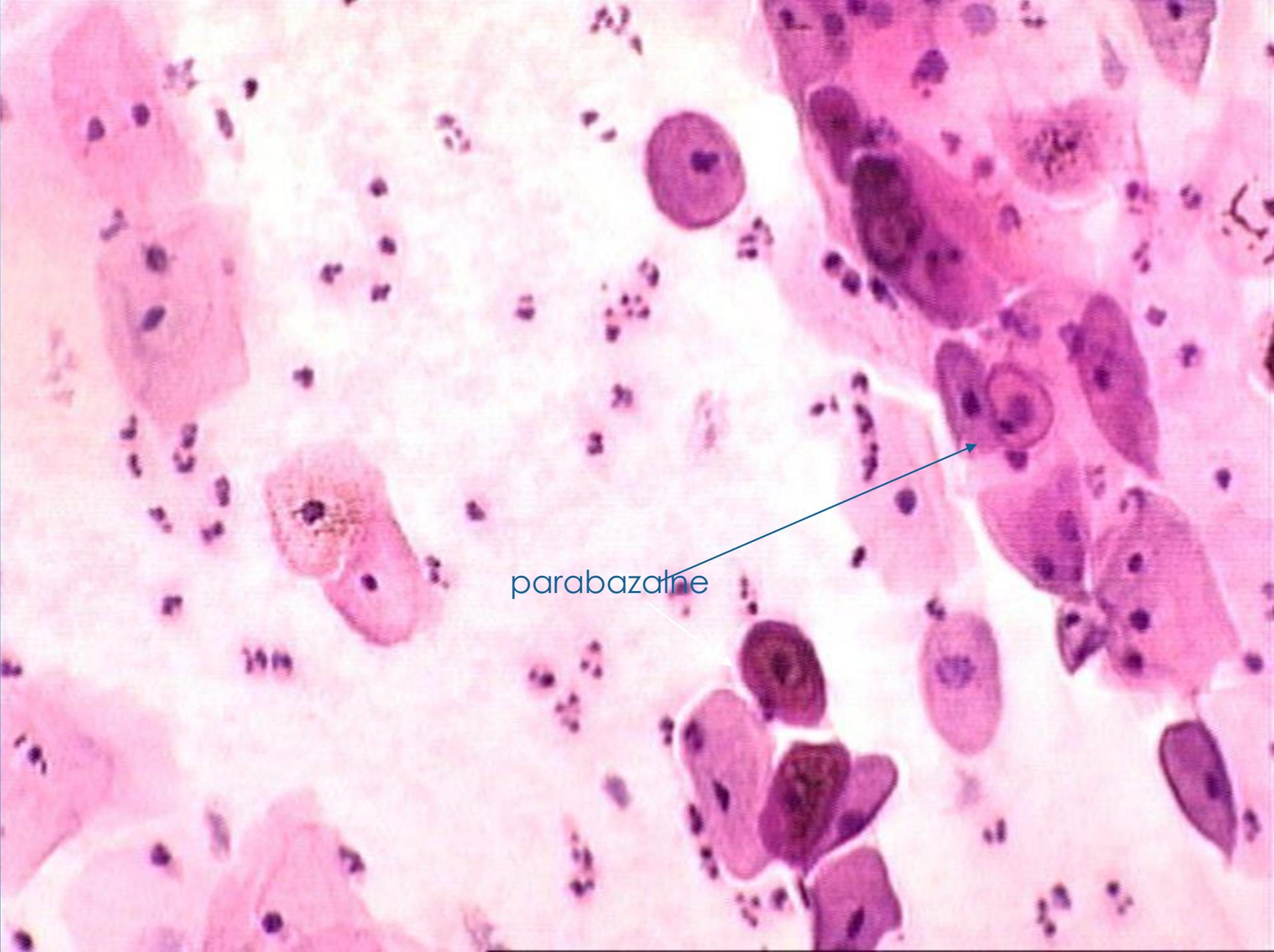


Superficialne ćelije

RAFAI

Intermedijarne



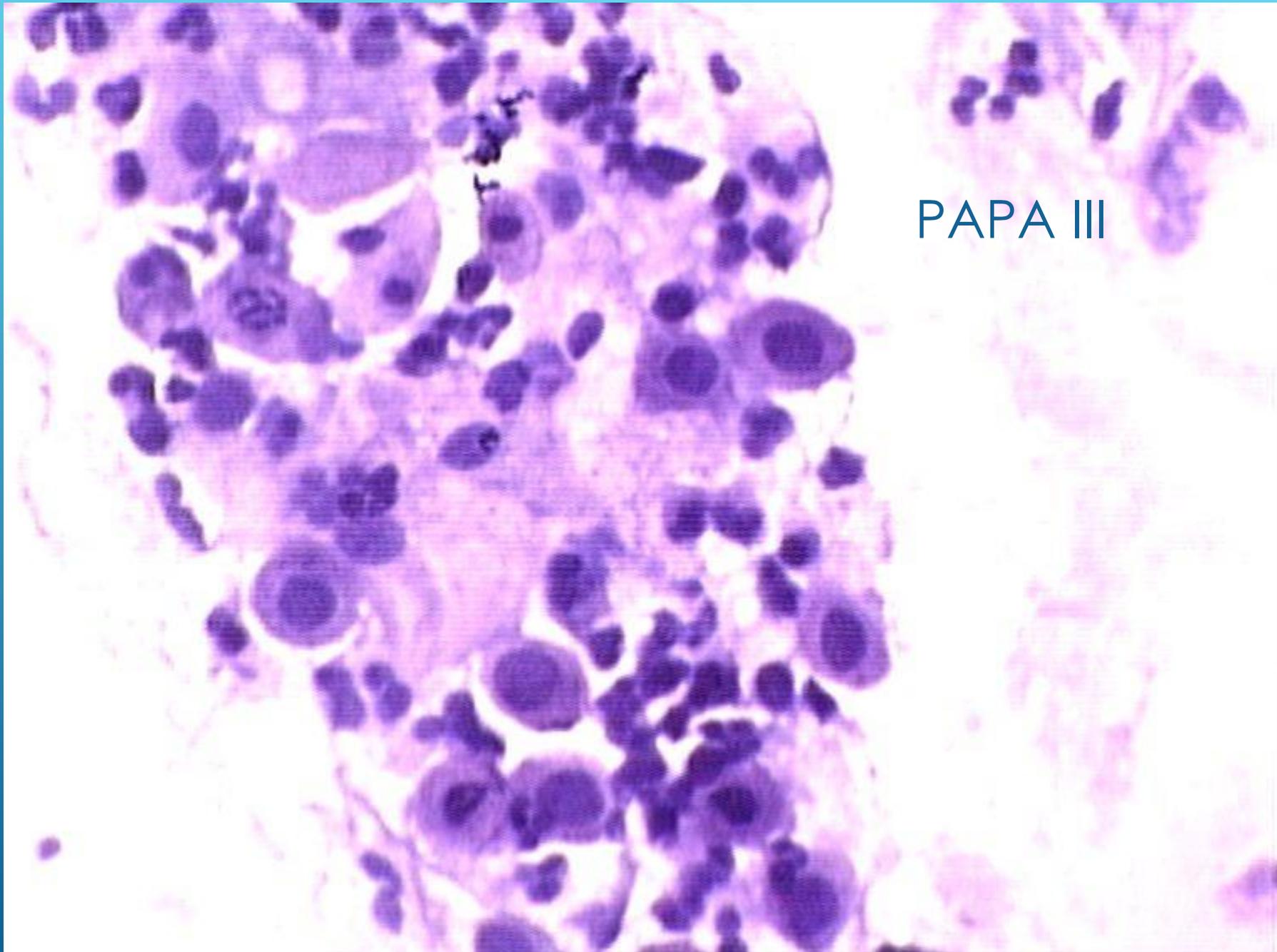


parabazatne

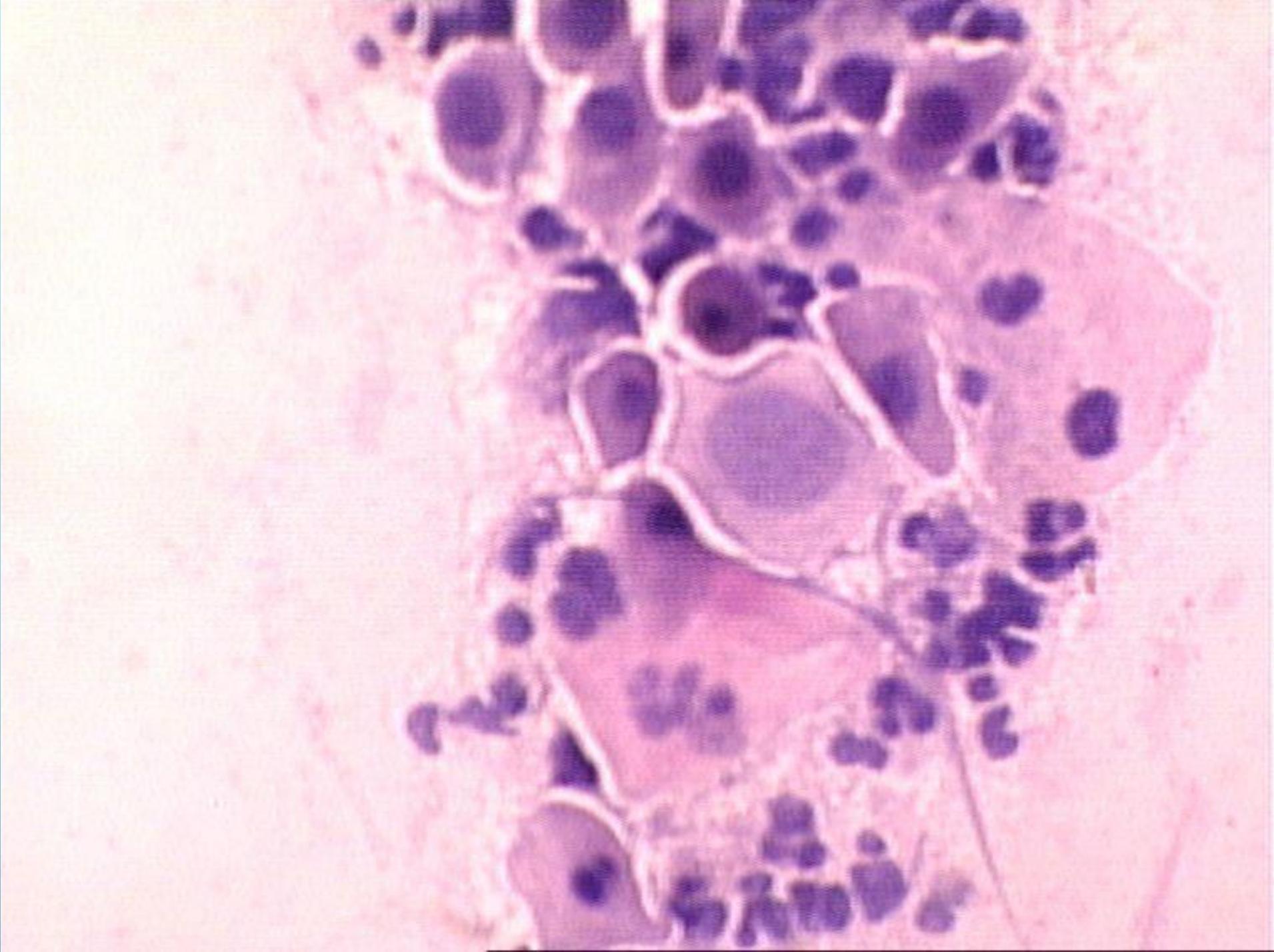


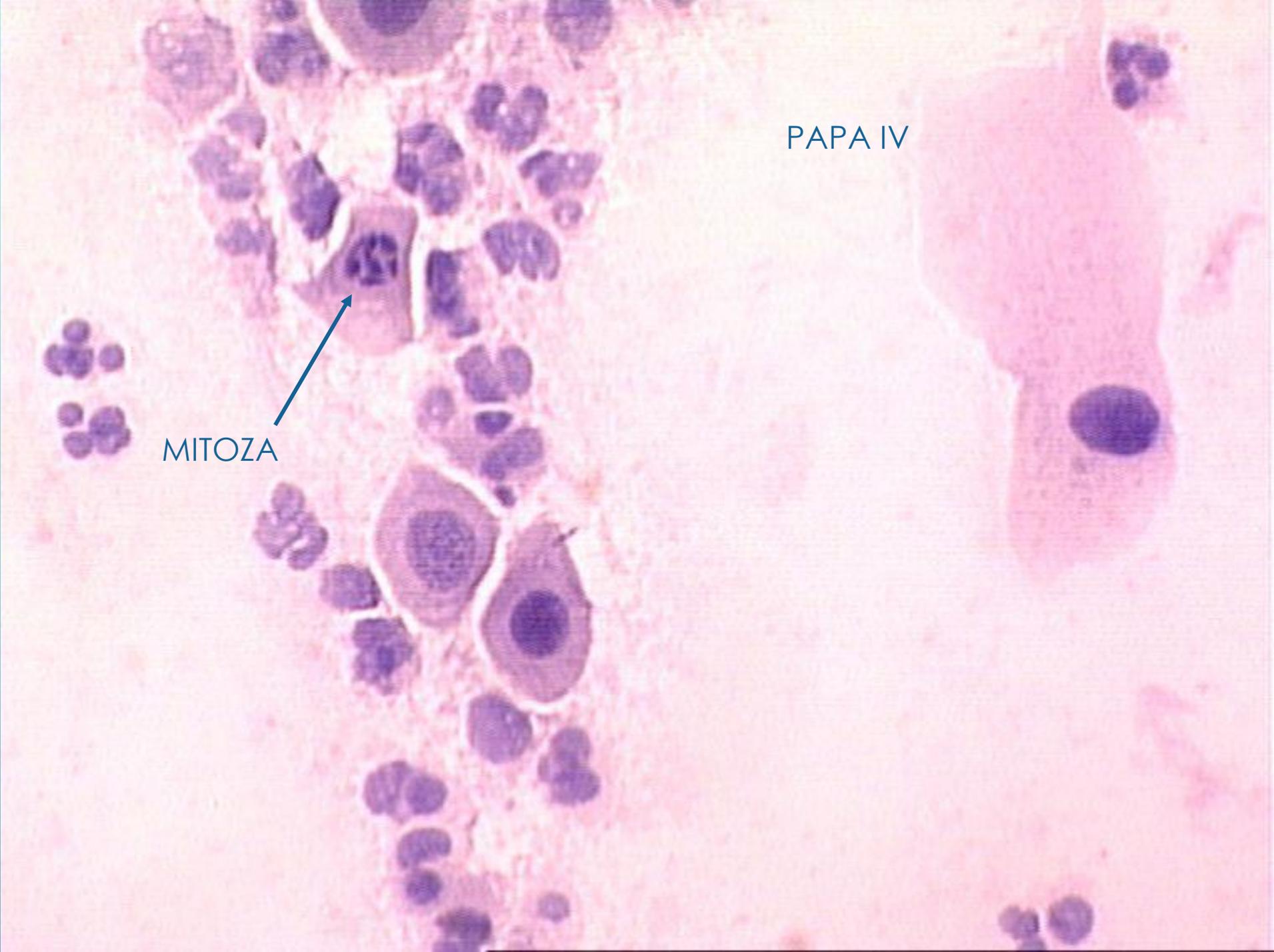


bakterije



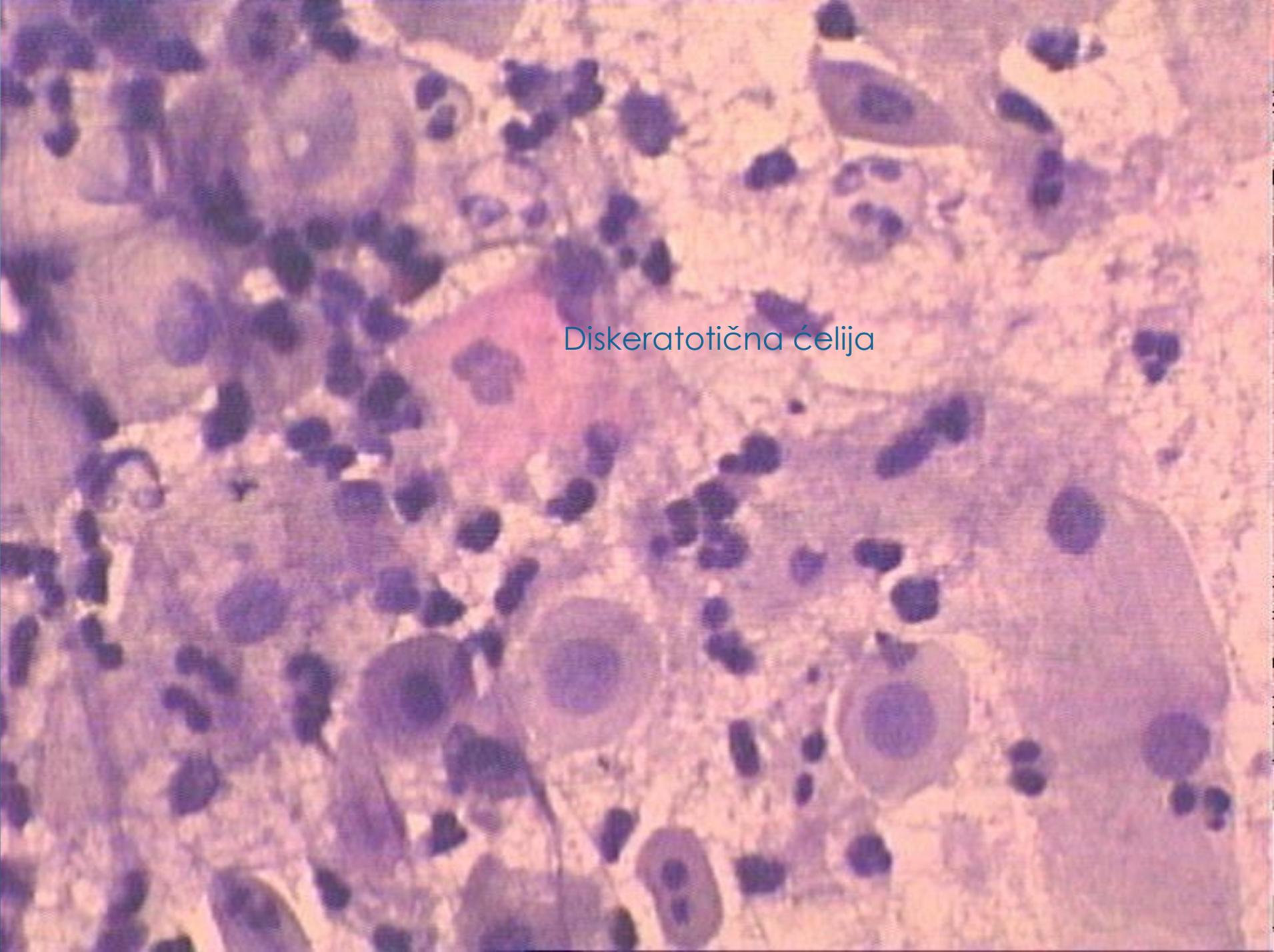
PAPA III





PAPA IV

MITOZA



Diskeratotična ćelija



Neoplasia intraepitheliale cervicis gradus III

CIN III

High grade squamous intraepitheliale lesion

Decorative white lines consisting of several parallel diagonal strokes in the bottom right corner of the slide.

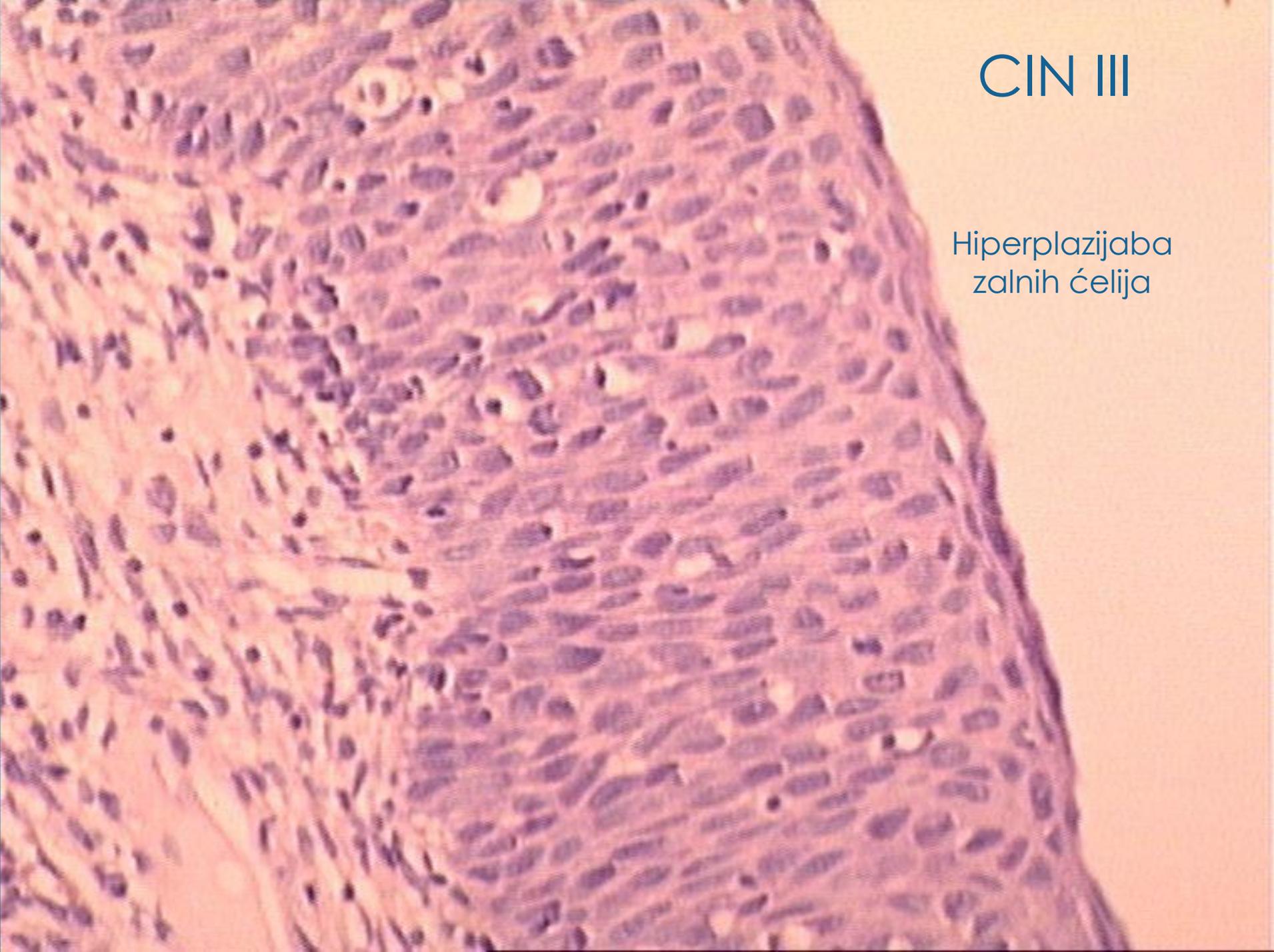


granica



# CIN III

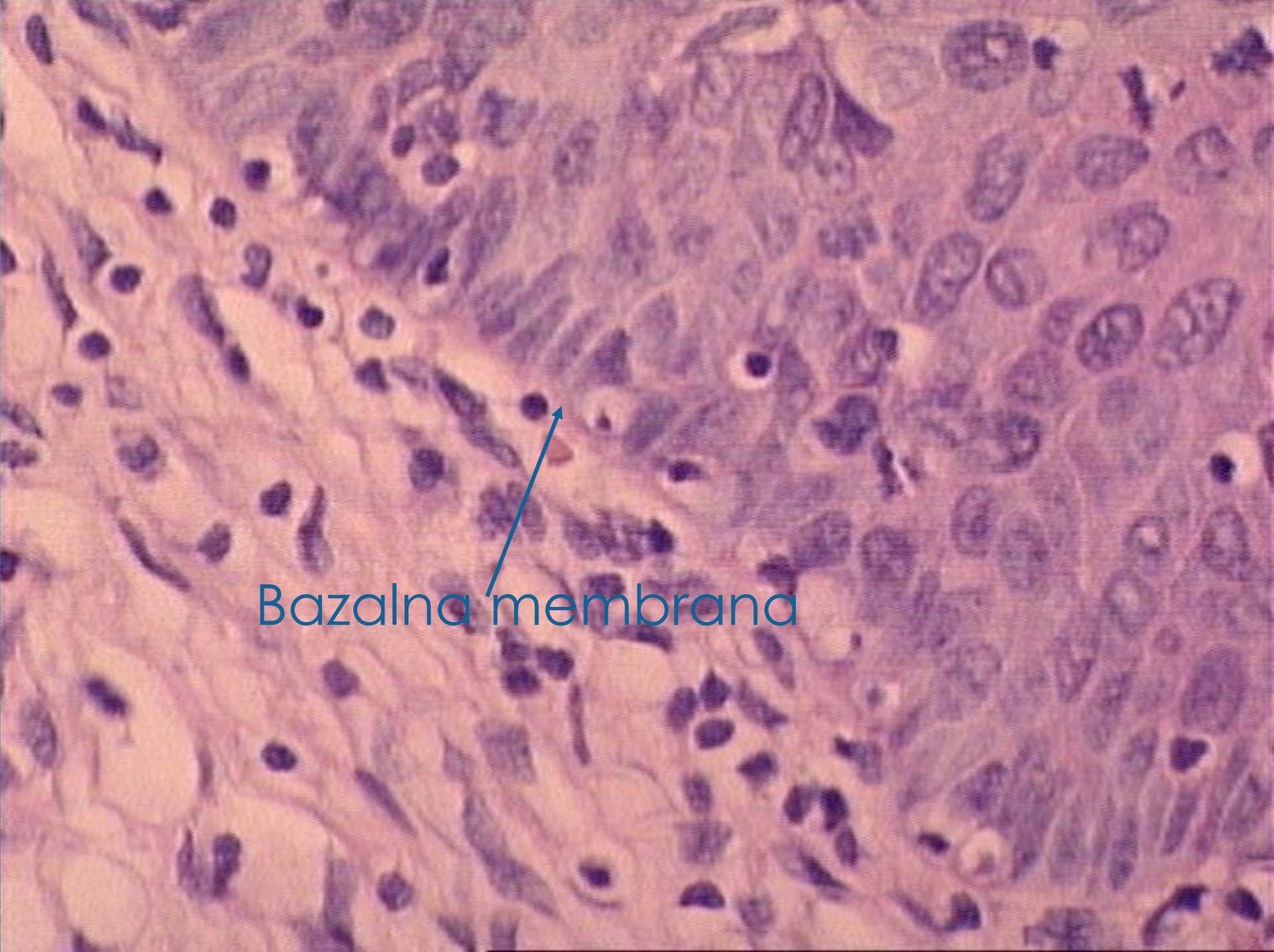
Hiperplazijaba  
zalnih ćelija





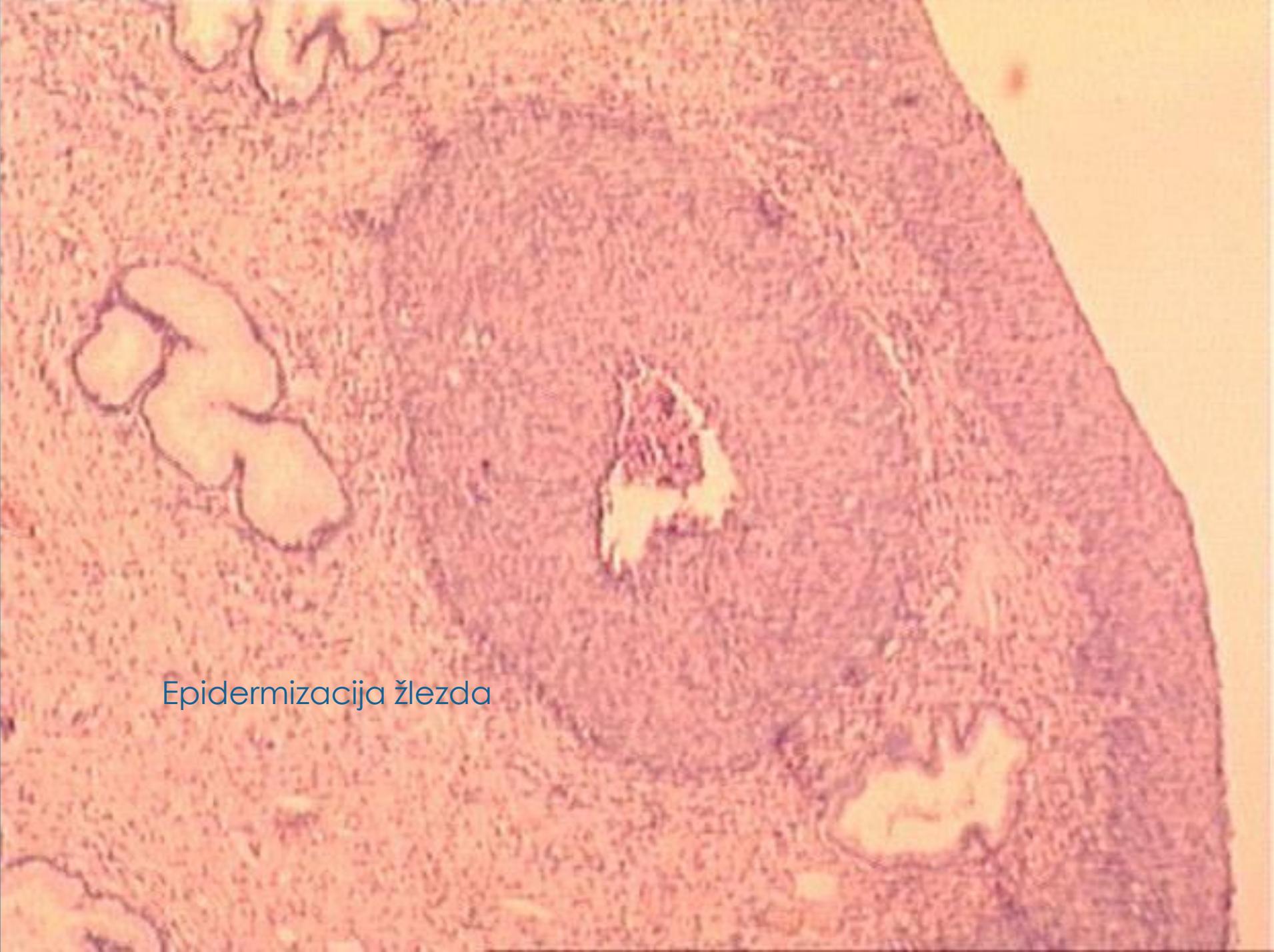
mitoze





Bazalna membrana

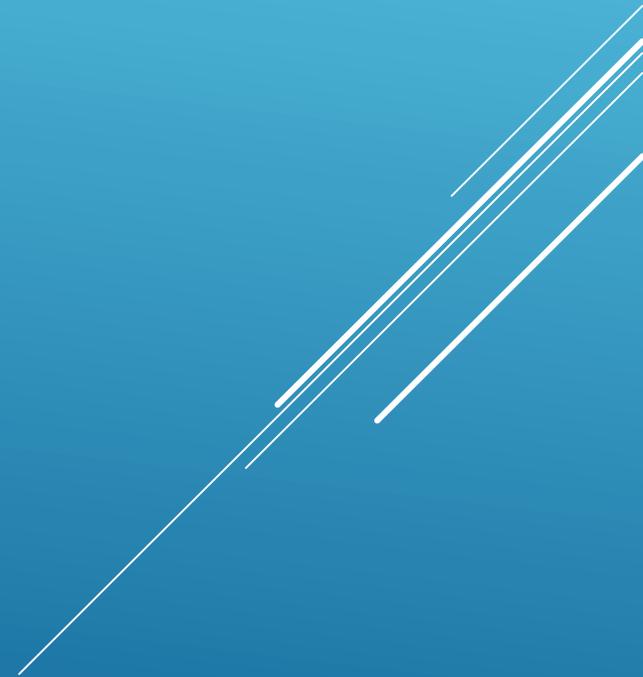




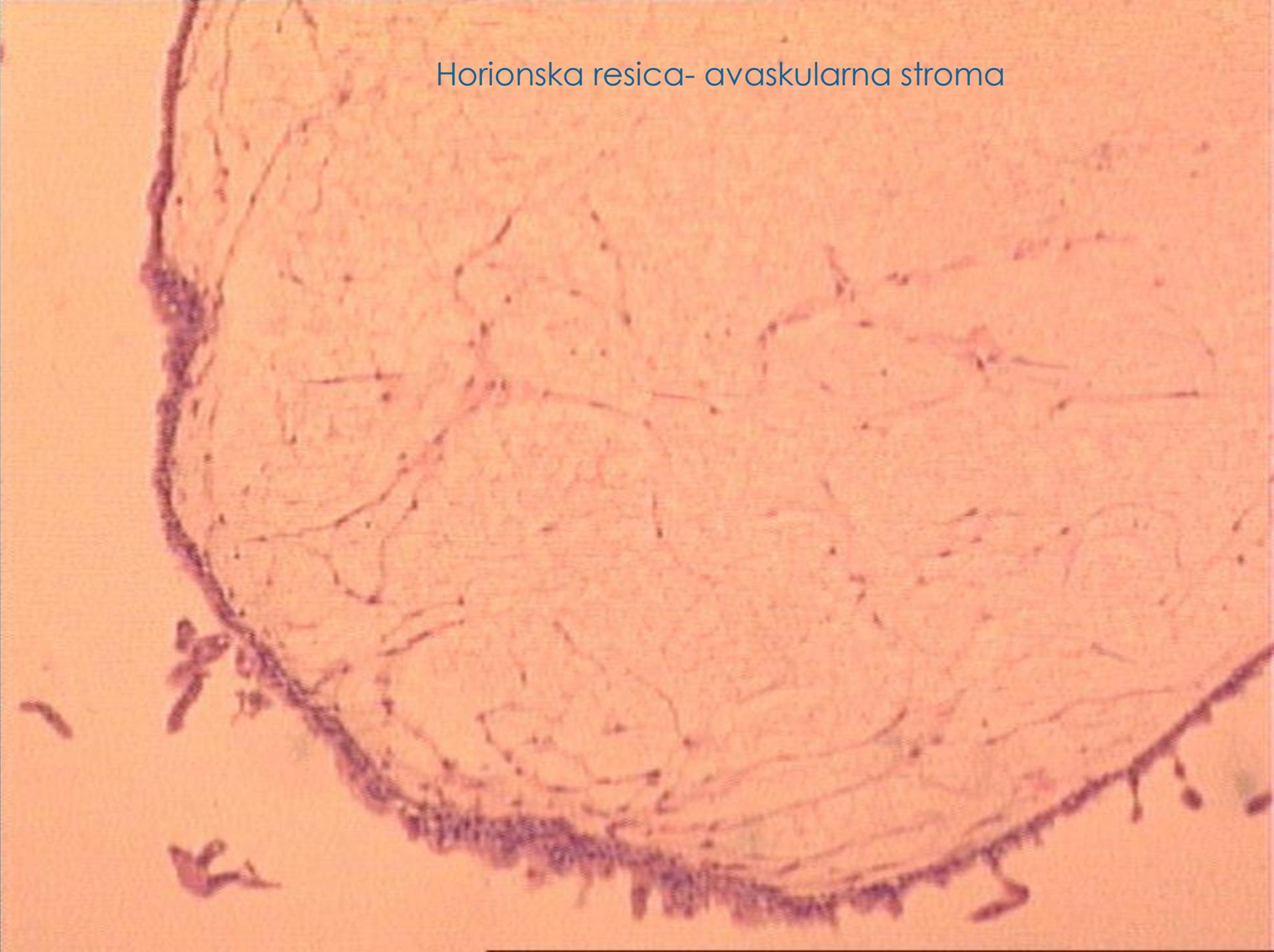
Epidermizacija žlezda



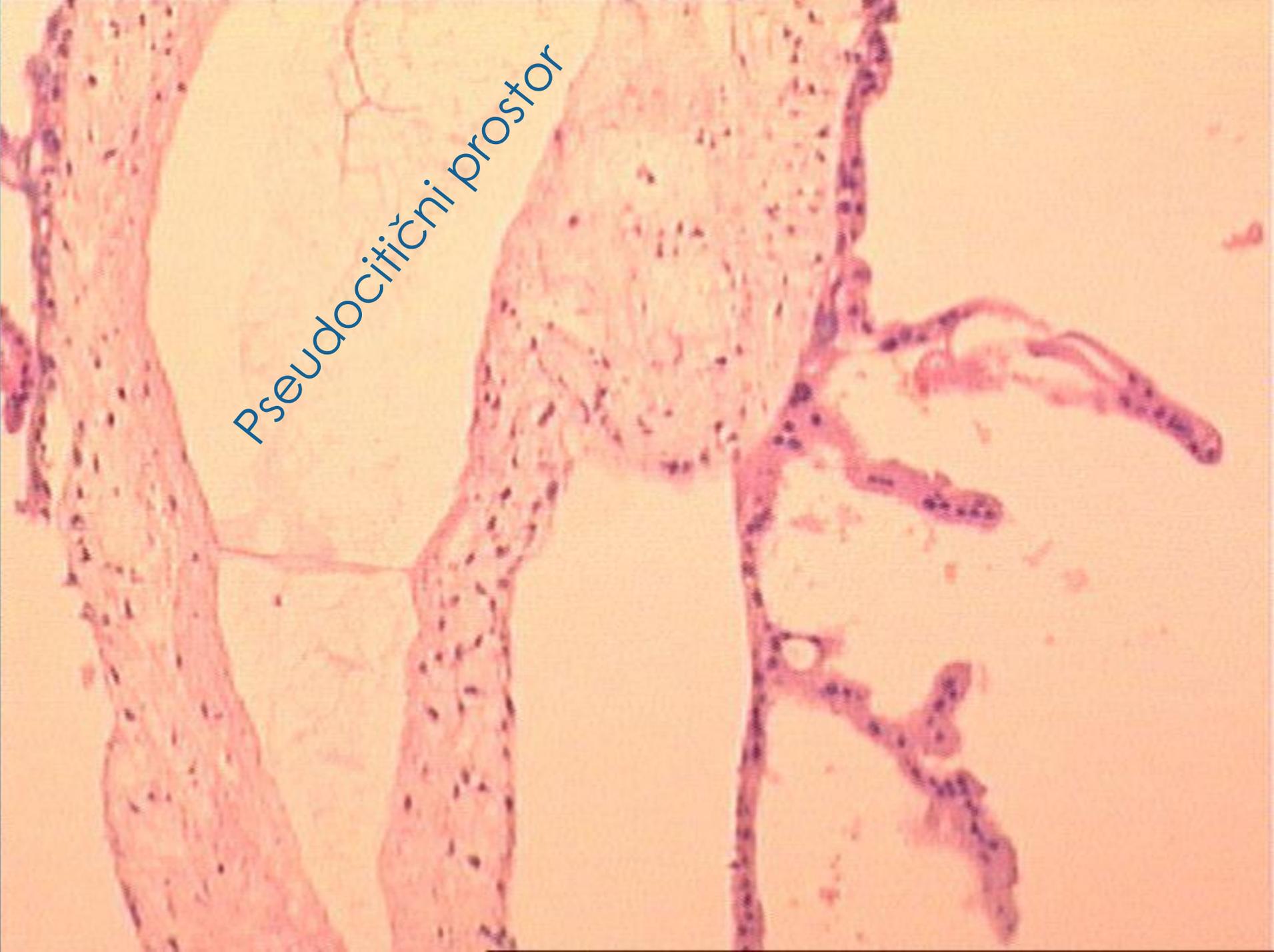
# Mola hydatidosa



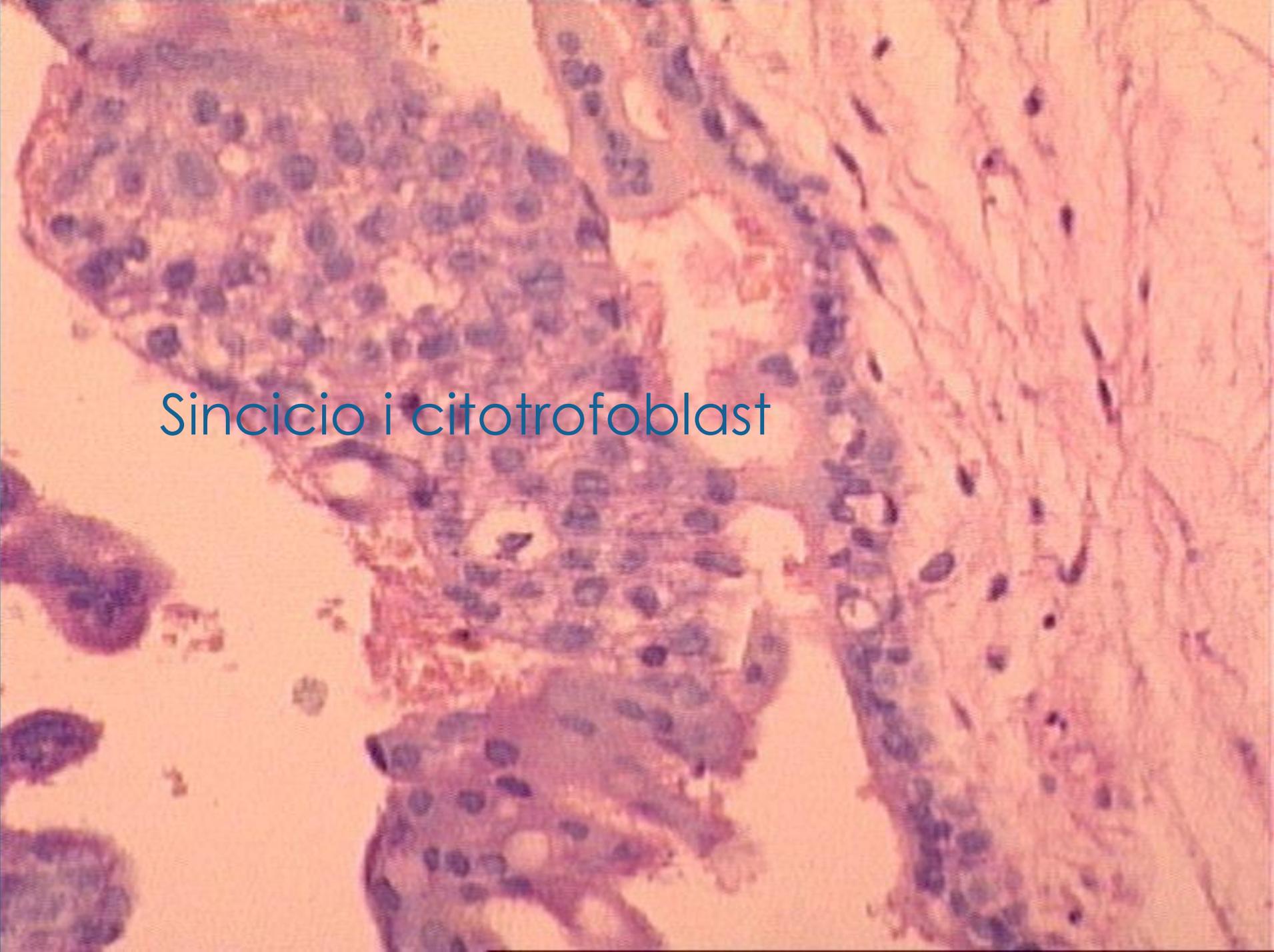
Horionska resica- avaskularna stroma

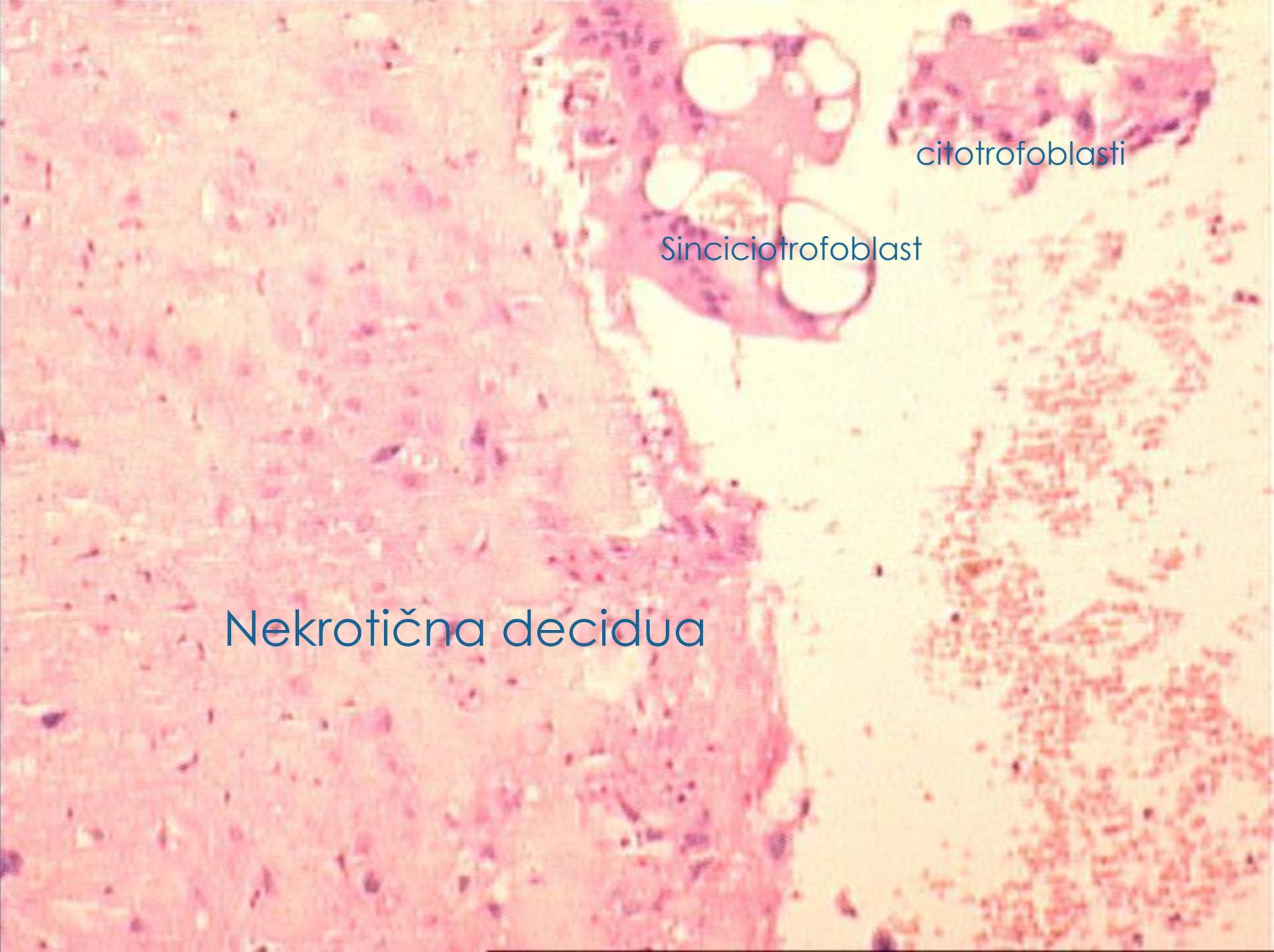


Pseudocitični prostor



Sincicio i citotrofoblast

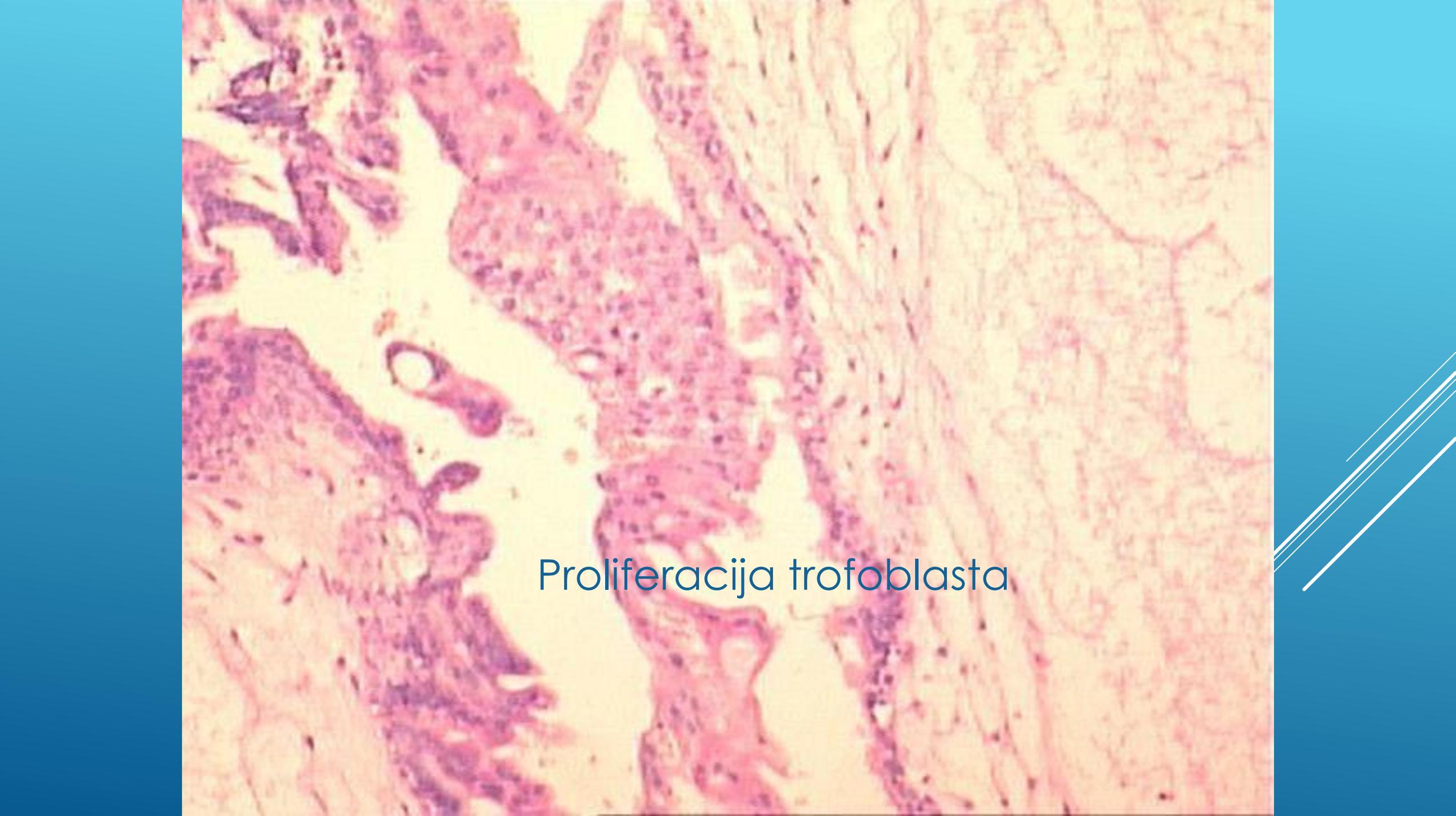




citotrofoblasti

Sinciciotrofoblast

Nekrotična decidua

A histological micrograph of a placental section stained with hematoxylin and eosin (H&E). The image shows the chorionic plate on the left, characterized by its dense, cellular structure. The central region displays the chorionic cavity, a clear space within the chorionic membrane. The right side of the image shows the decidua basalis, which is the maternal part of the placenta, appearing less cellular and more fibrous. The overall structure is highly organized, reflecting the complex vascular and cellular architecture of the placenta.

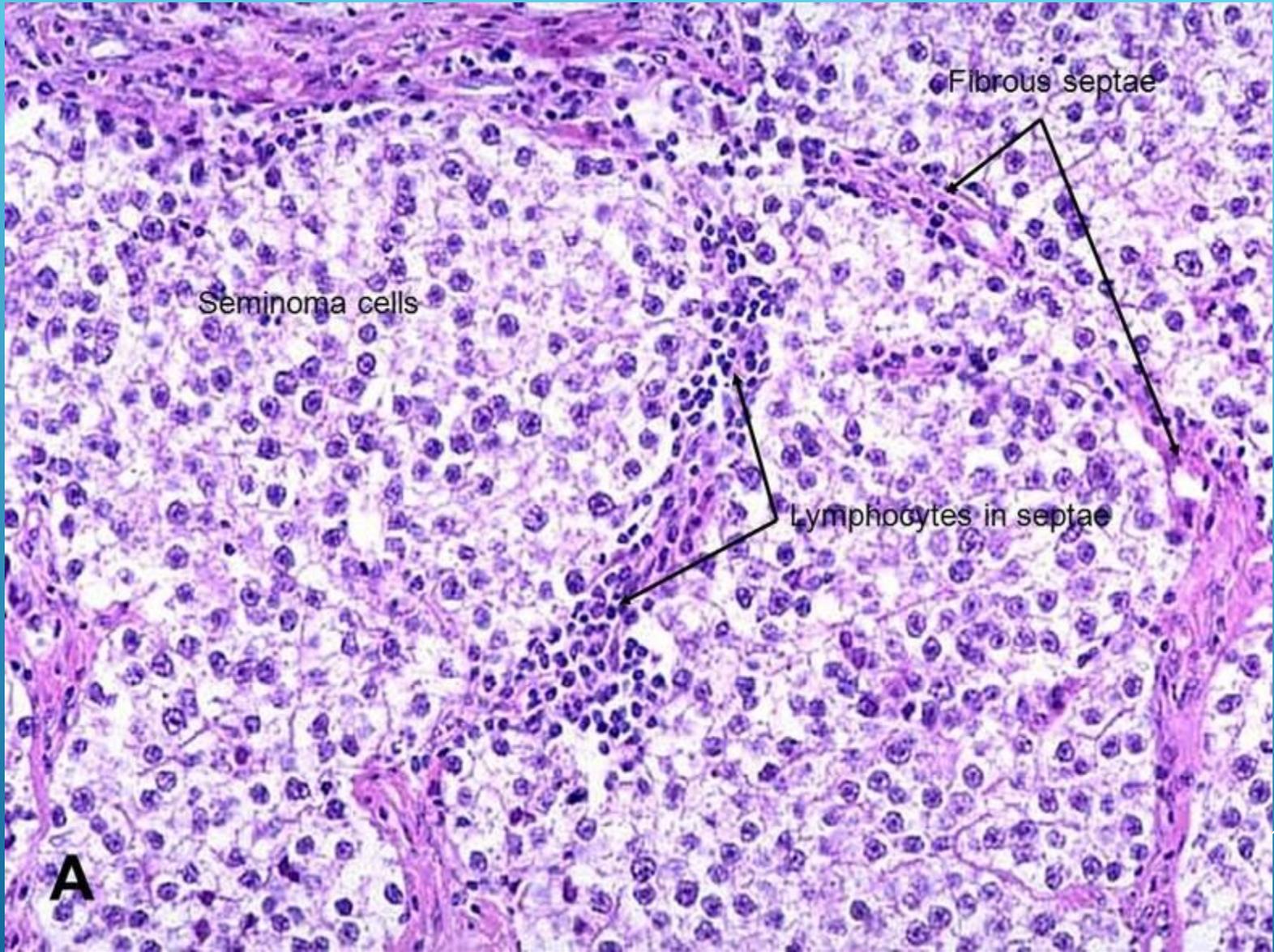
Proliferacija trofoblasta

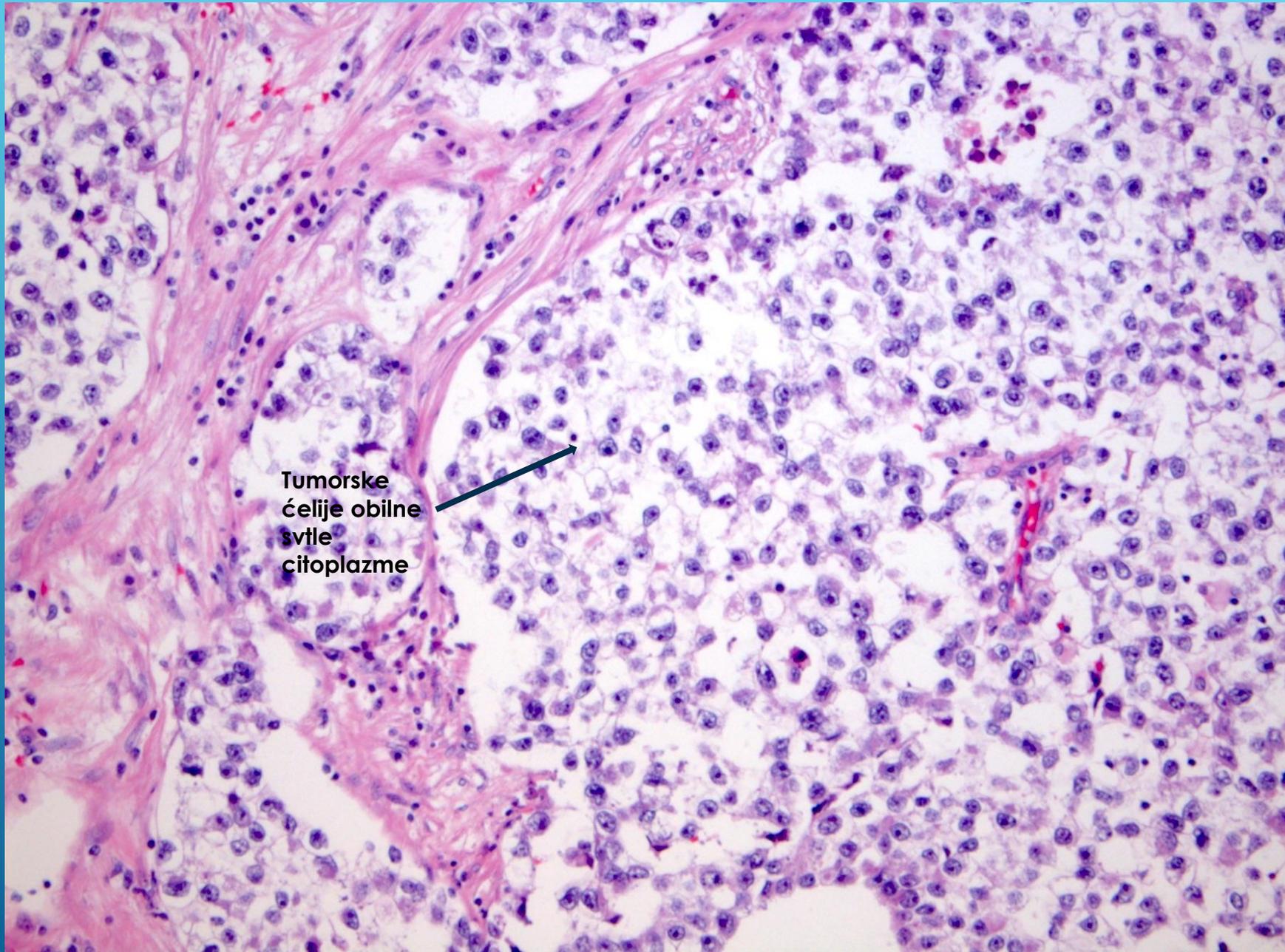
# SEMINOMA TESTIS

A decorative graphic consisting of several parallel white lines of varying lengths, slanted diagonally from the bottom-left towards the top-right, located in the lower right quadrant of the slide.

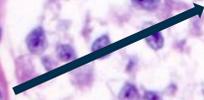
# Seminom

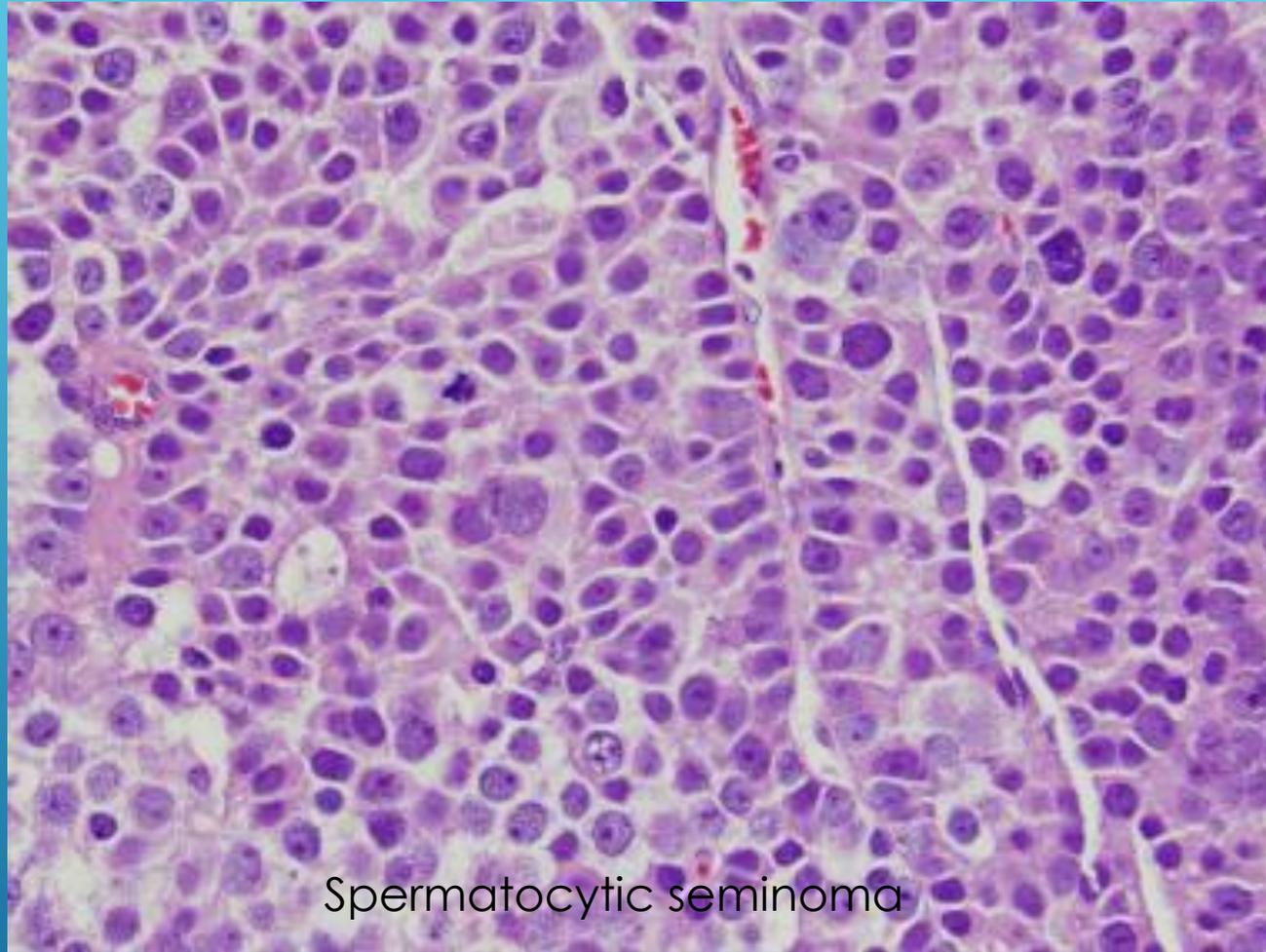




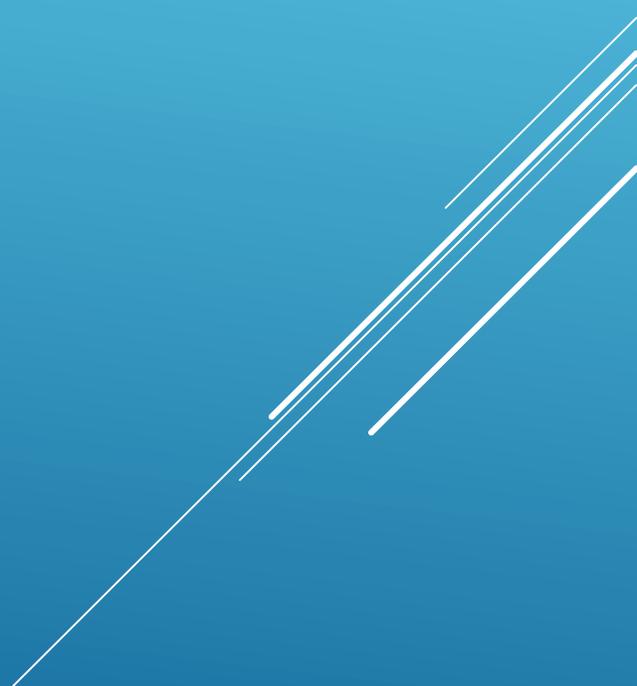


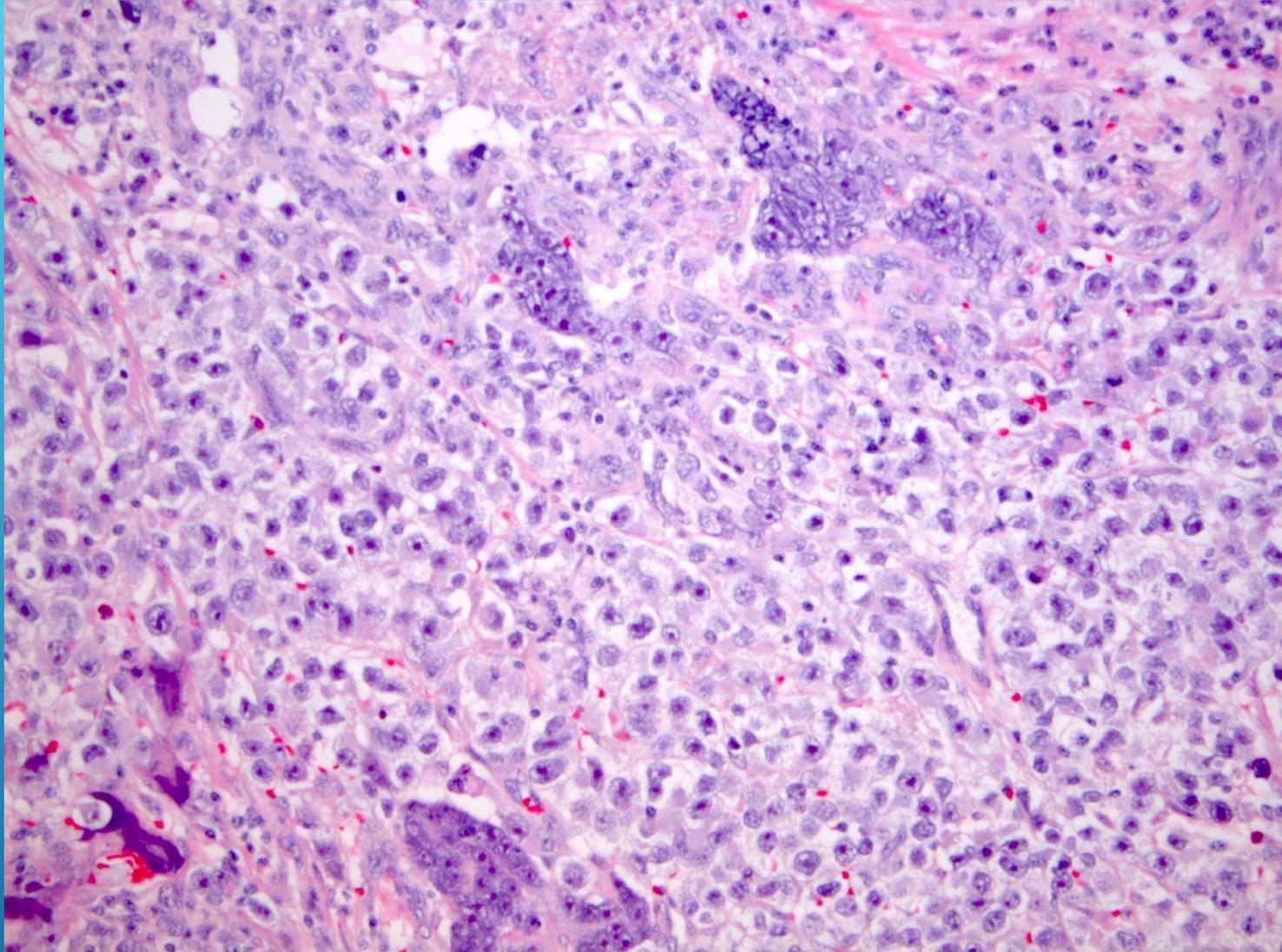
Tumorske  
ćelije obilne  
svtlo  
citoplazme





Spermatocytic seminoma

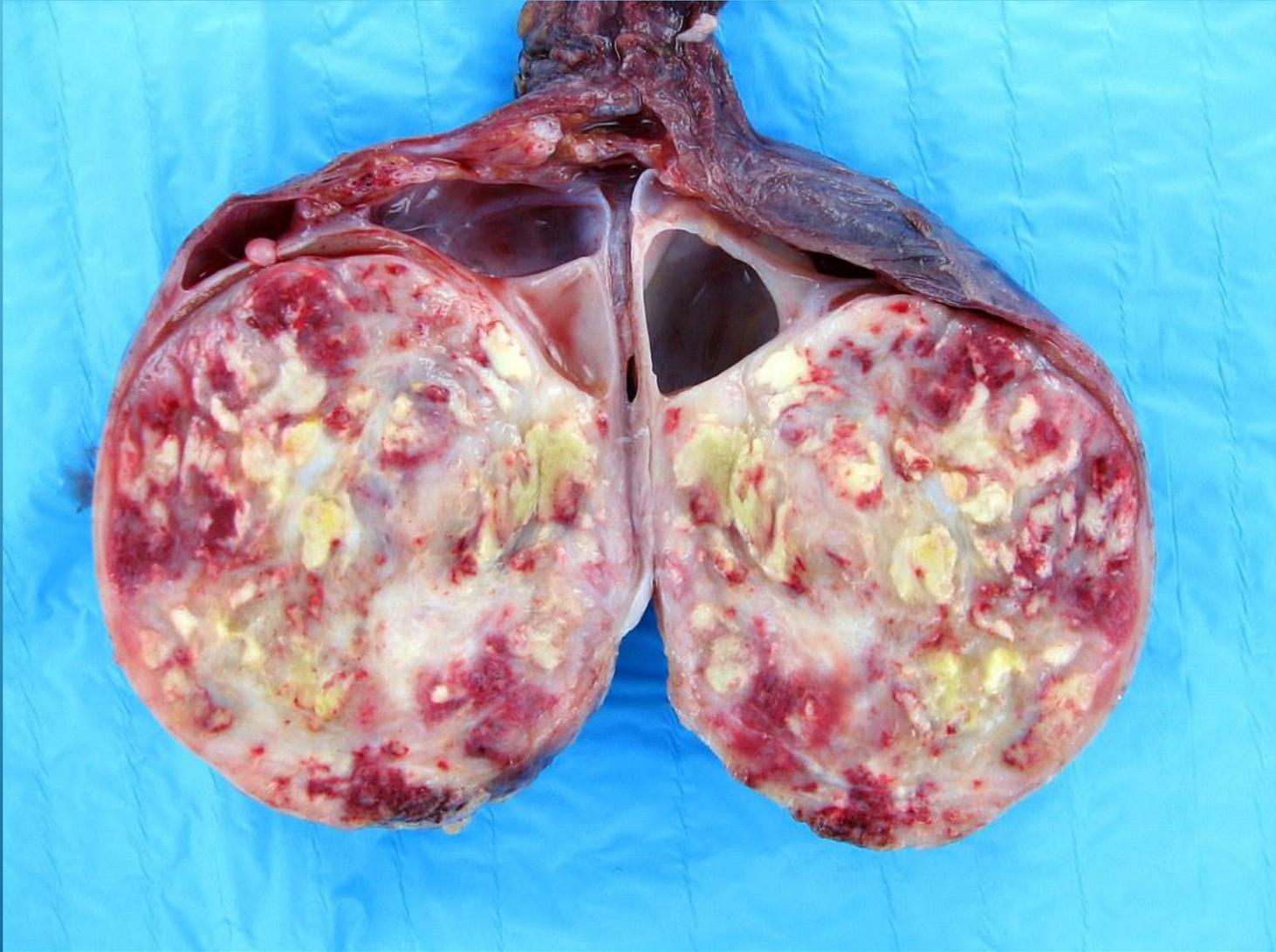


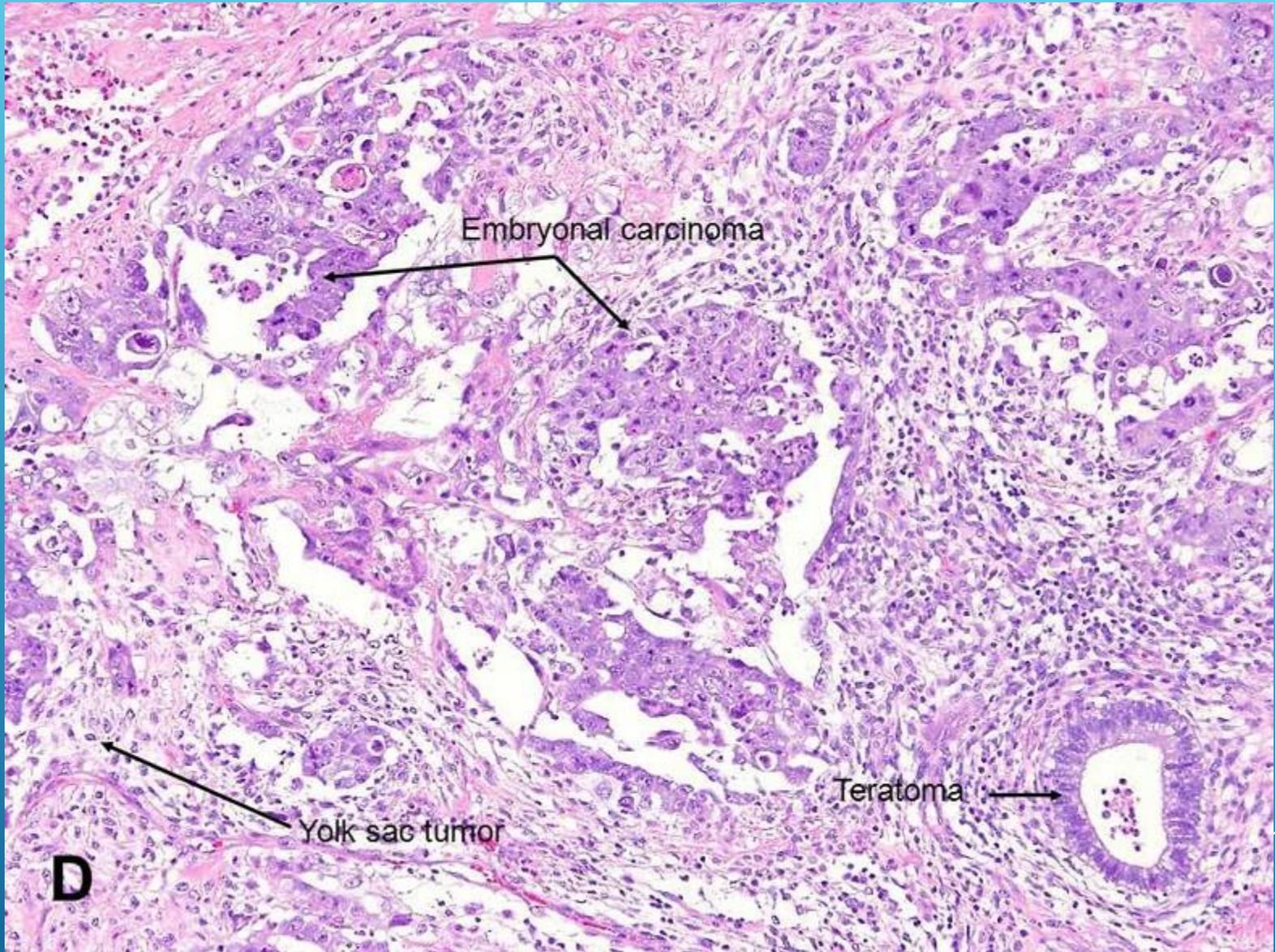


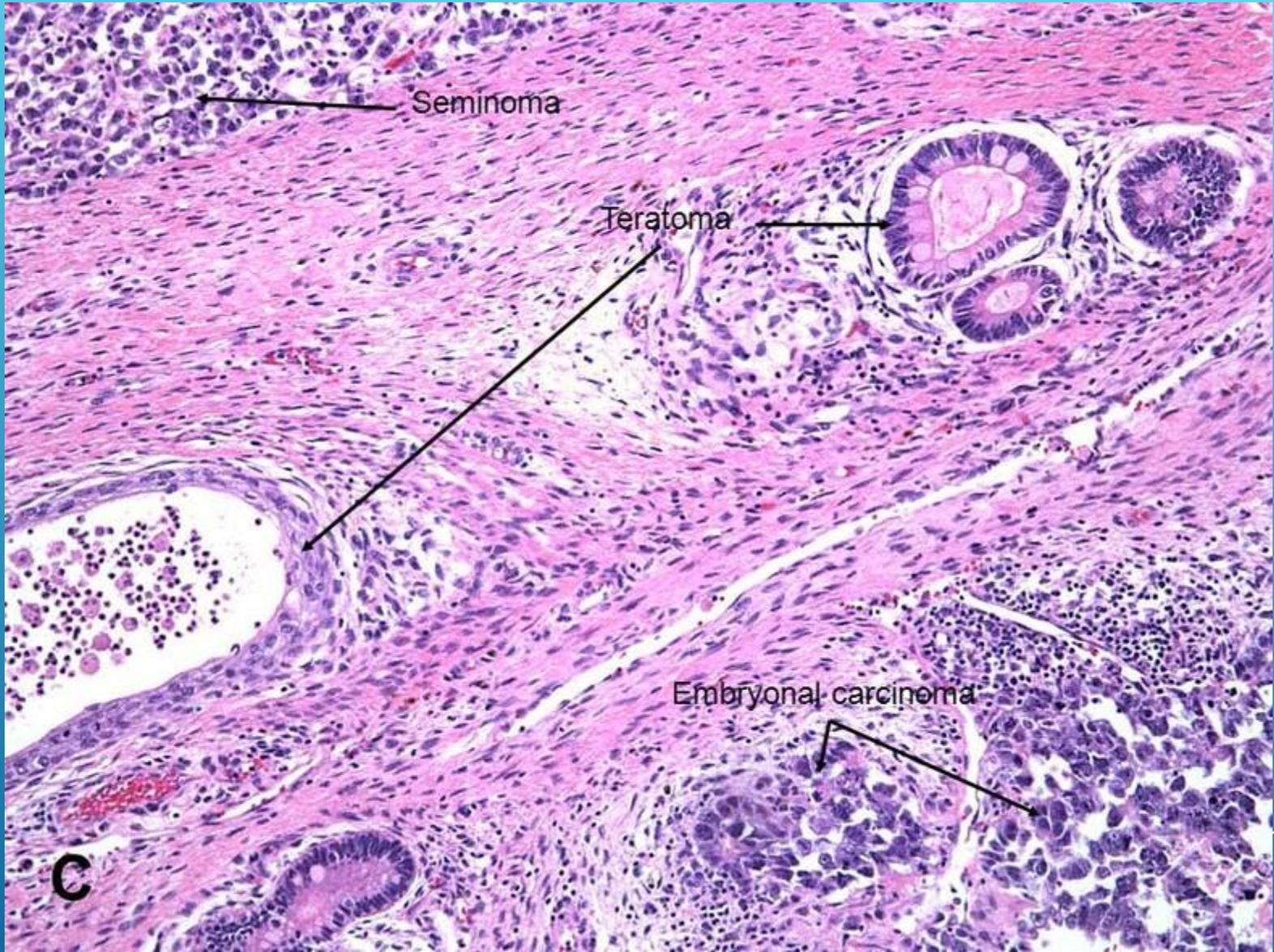
Multinucleated syncytiotrophoblasts in seminoma.

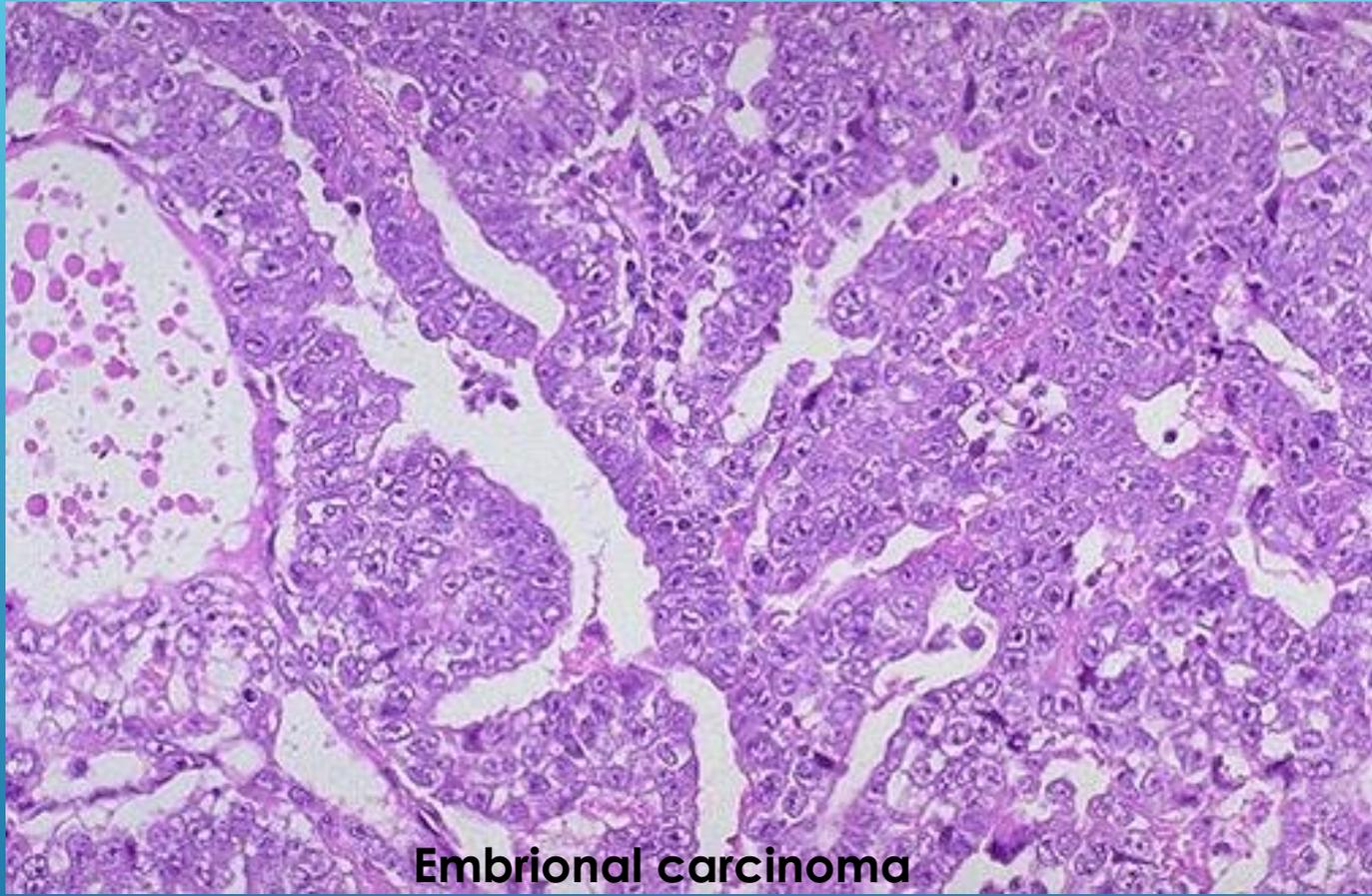
# Mixed germ cell tumor testis





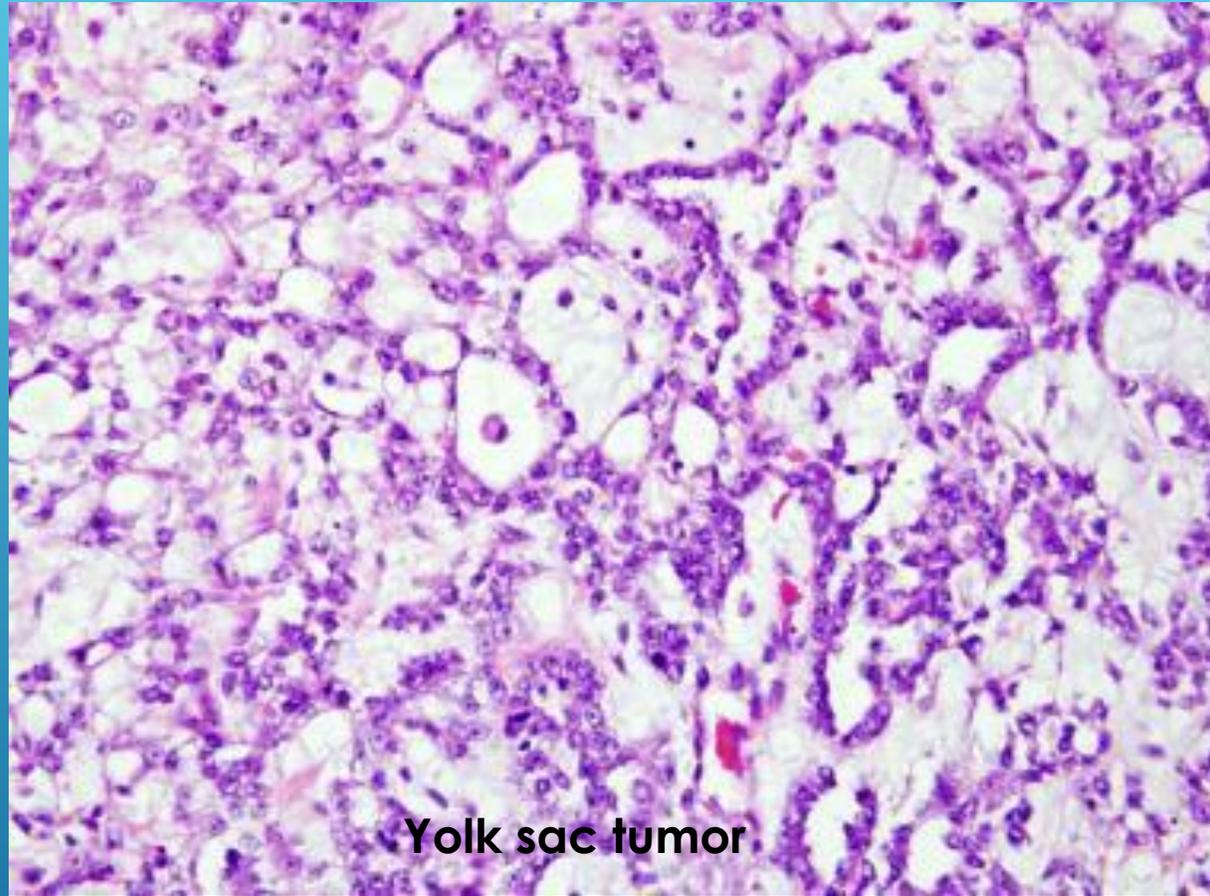






**Embrional carcinoma**





**Yolk sac tumor**