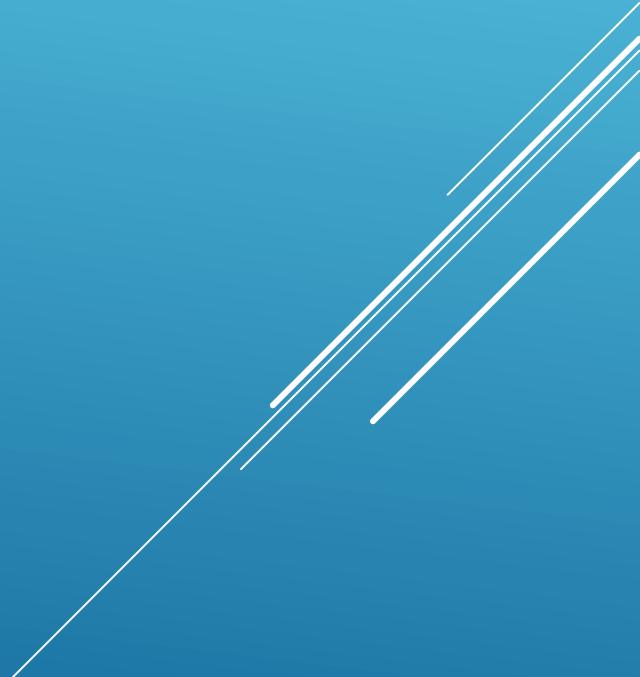
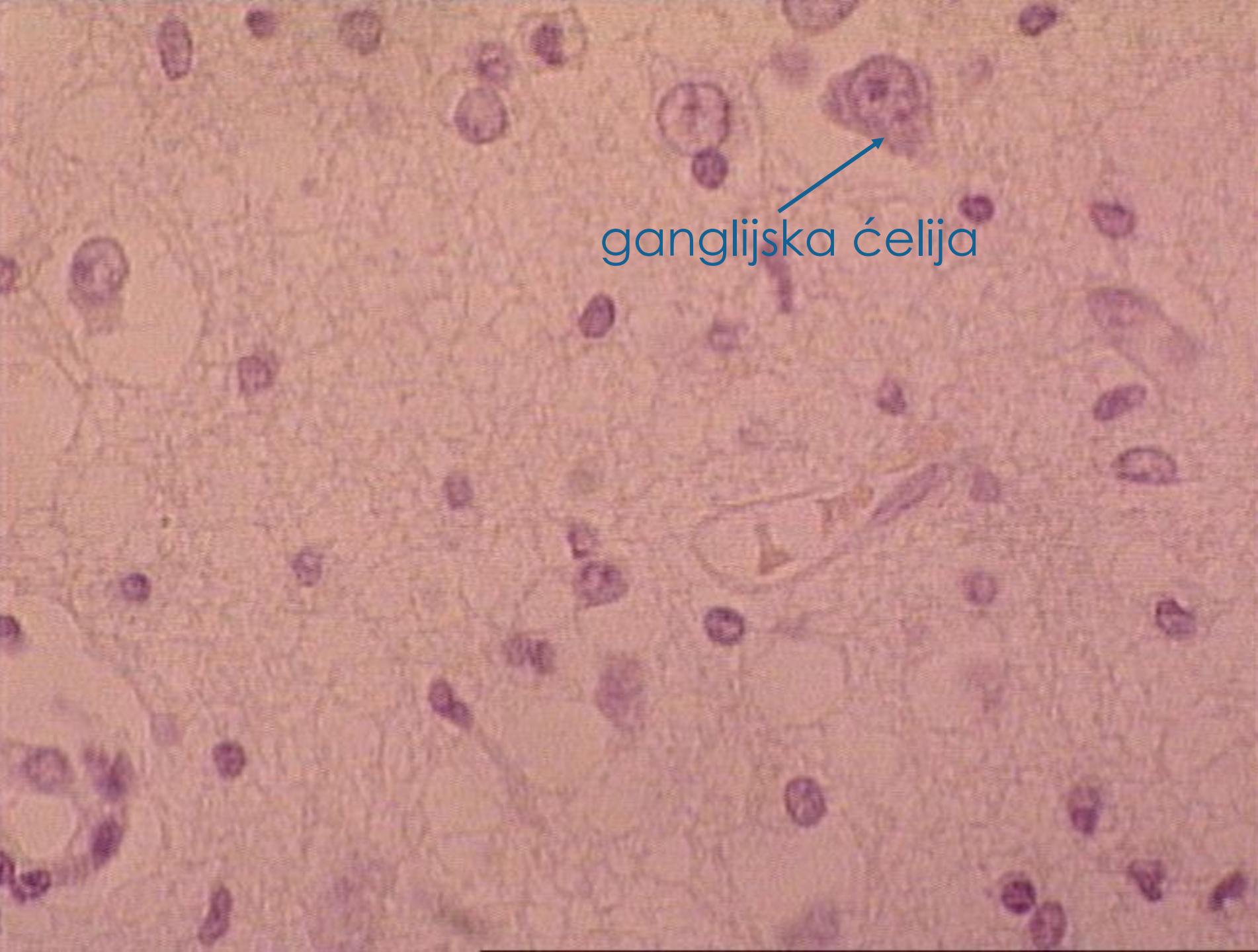


PATOLOGIJA CNS-A

Dr sci med. Mirjana Miladinović

Encephalitis virosa





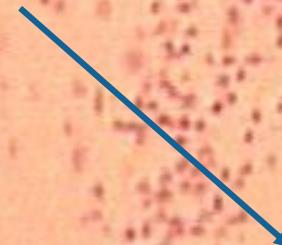
A light micrograph showing a population of neurons, likely ganglion cells, in a tissue section. The neurons have dark purple nuclei and some show visible internal structures like nucleoli or processes. A blue arrow points to one specific cell in the upper right quadrant, which has a prominent, large nucleus.

ganglijska ćelija



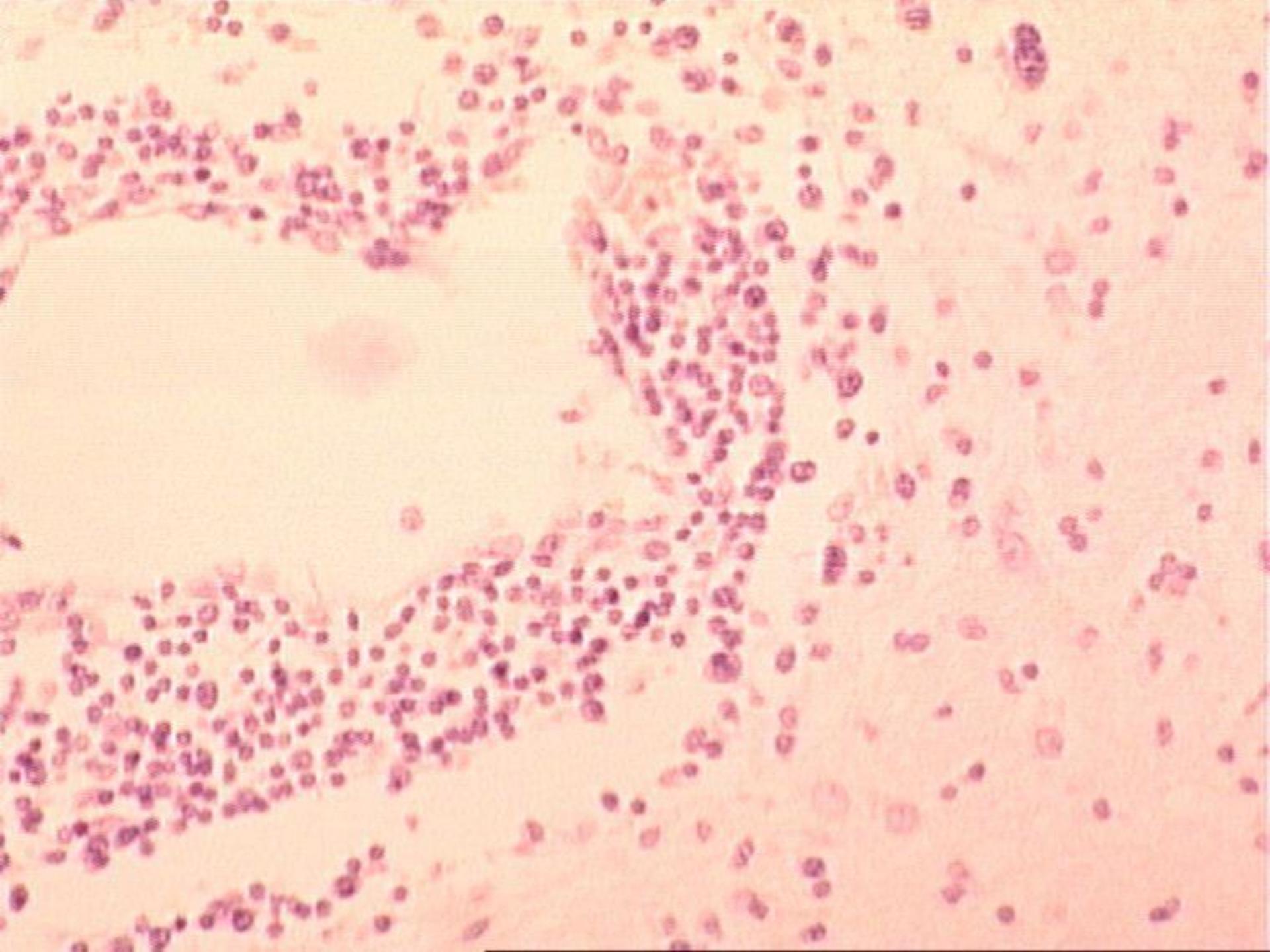
perivaskularni infiltrat

Virchow-Robinov prostor

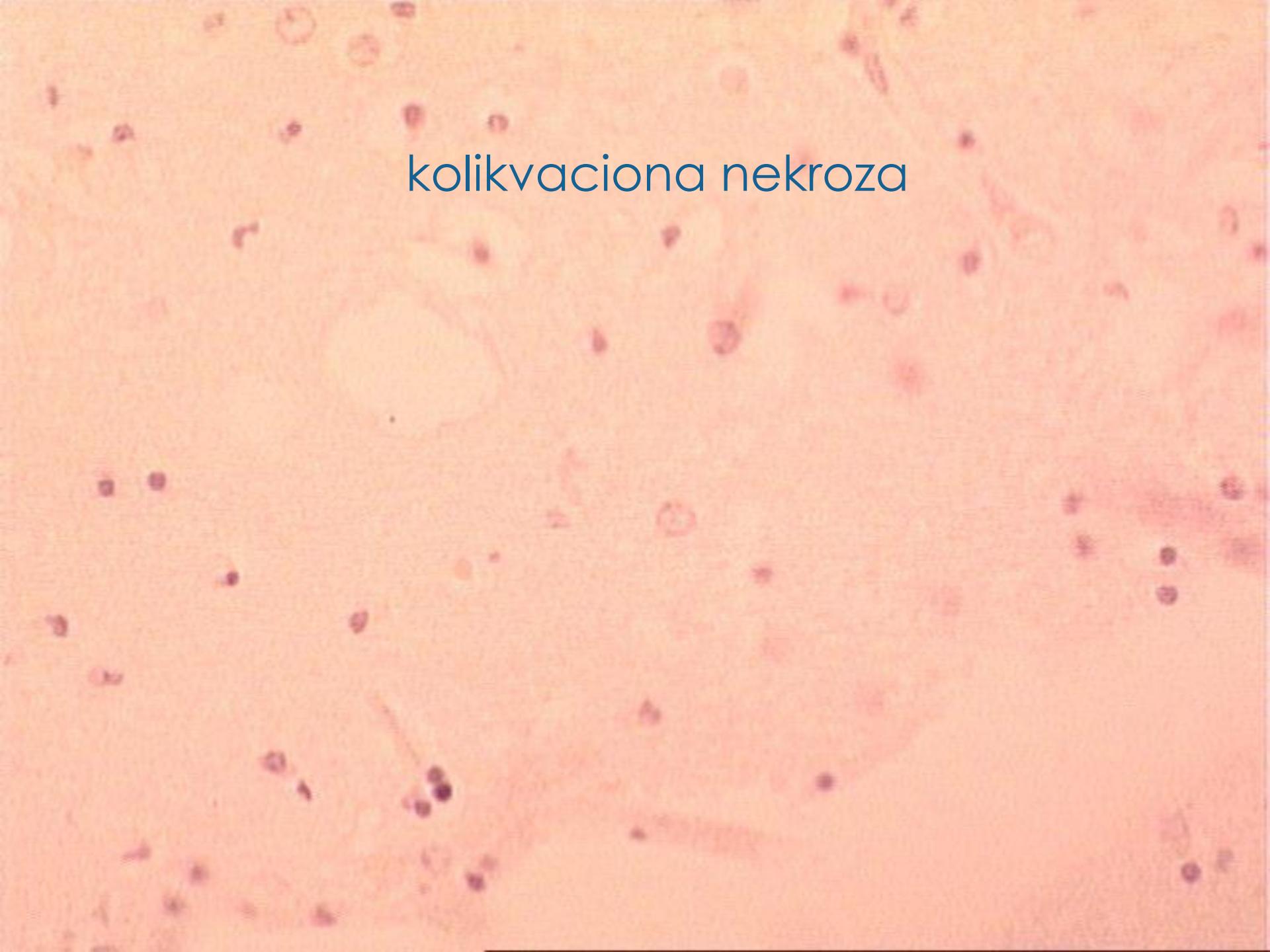


A light micrograph showing a dense cluster of small, pink-stained cells (monocytes) surrounding a blood vessel. These cells are described as "perivascular monocyte infiltration".

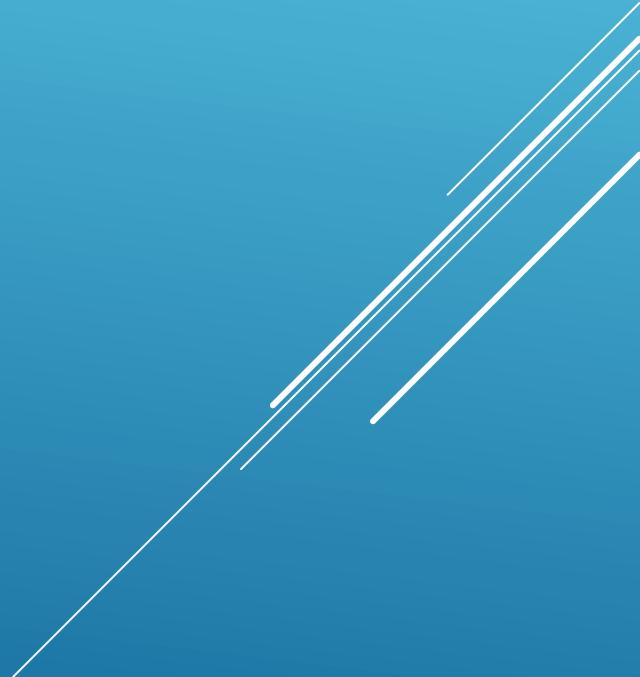
perivaskularni
mufovi infiltrata



kolikvaciona nekroza



Astrocytoma



DIFUZNI ASTROCITOM

- ▶ Fibrilarni
- ▶ Gemiostotični
- ▶ Protoplazmatični

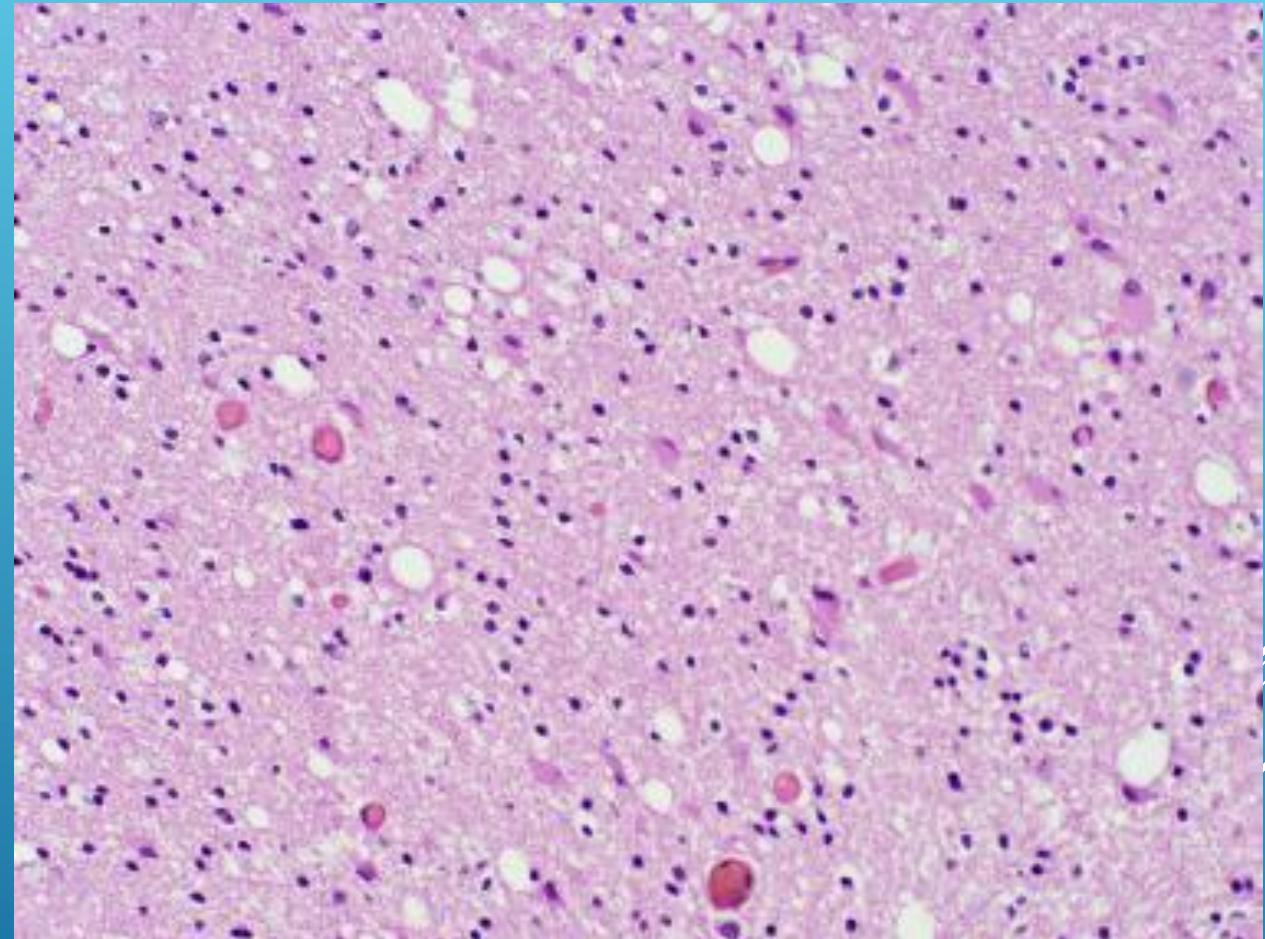
Umerena celularnost

Minimalna nuklearna atipija

Rastresit, mikrocističan matriks

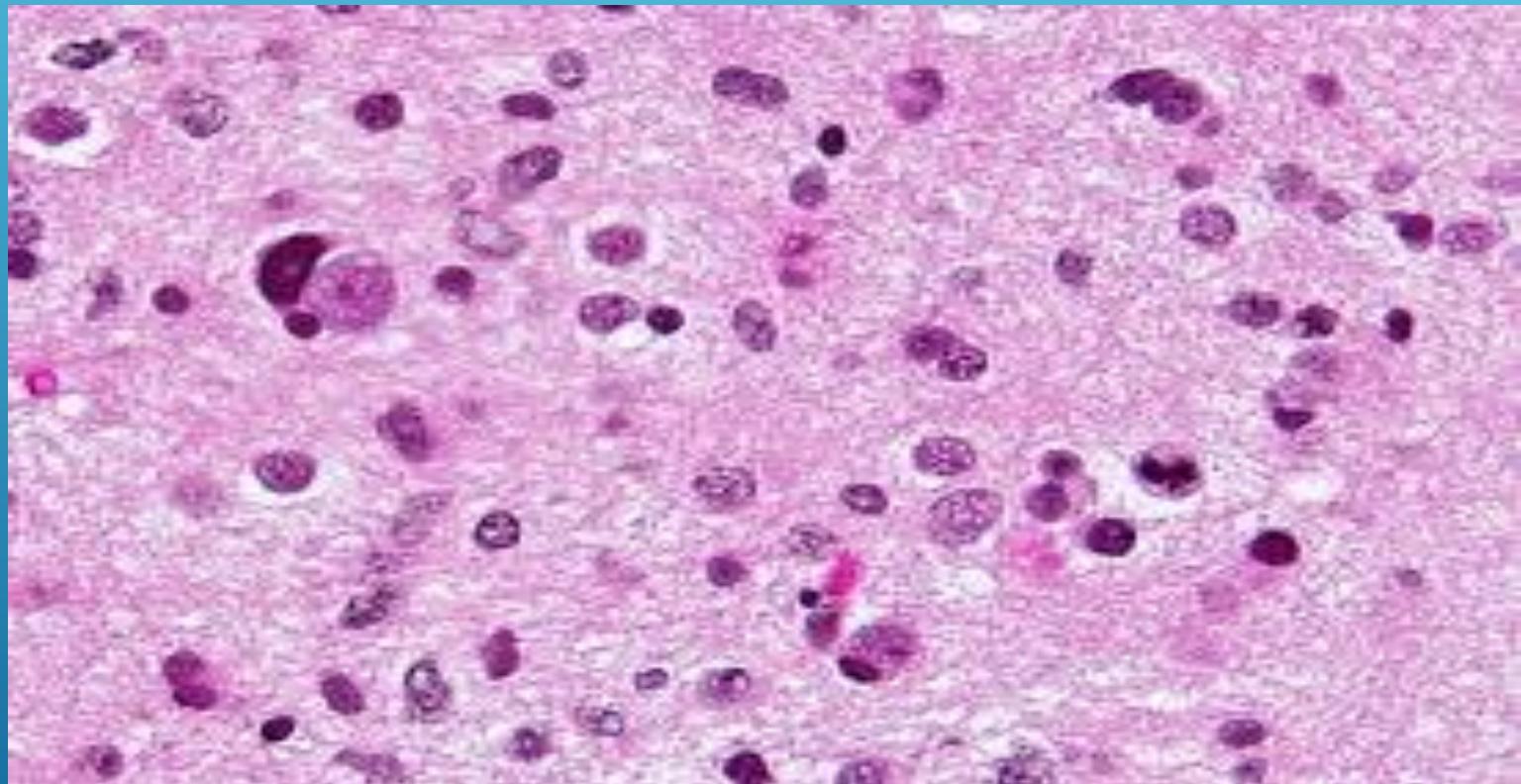
Tumorska satelitoza

Mogući mikrokalcifikati

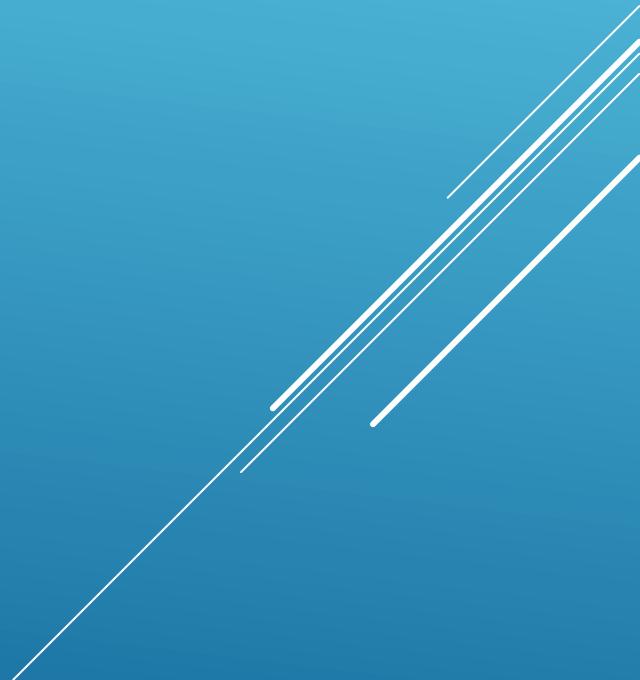


ANAPLASTIČNI ASTROCITOM

- ▶ Veća celularnost
- ▶ Izraženija muklearna atipija
- ▶ Mitoze (normalne i aberantne)



Glioblastoma multiforme

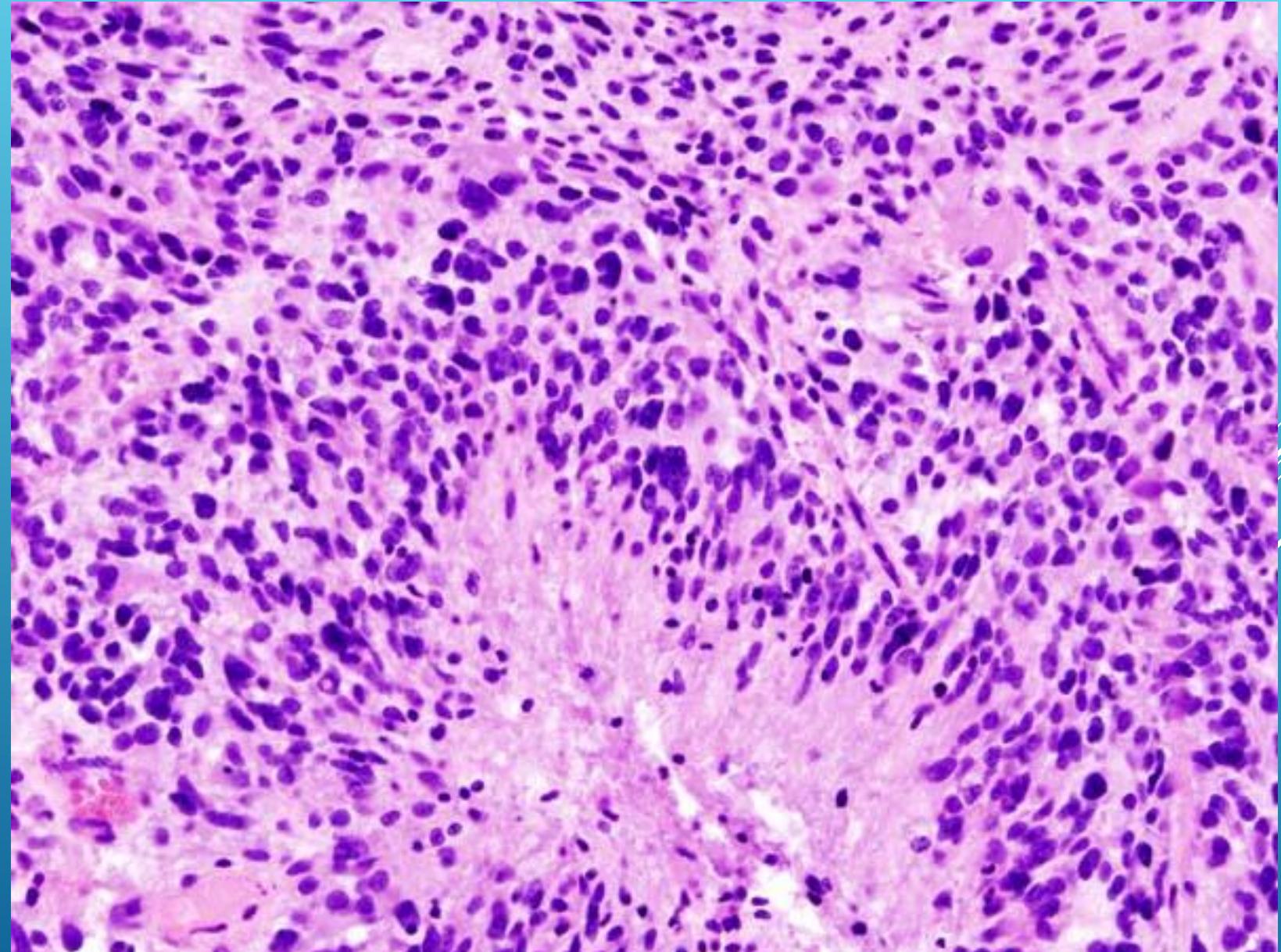


- ▶ Područja nekroze i krvarenja
- ▶ **Ćelijski pleomorfizam**
- ▶ **Patološke mitoze**
- ▶ **Nekroza**- velike geografske i okružene pseudopalisadama
- ▶ **Mikrovaskularna proliferacija**

Bolja prgognoza:

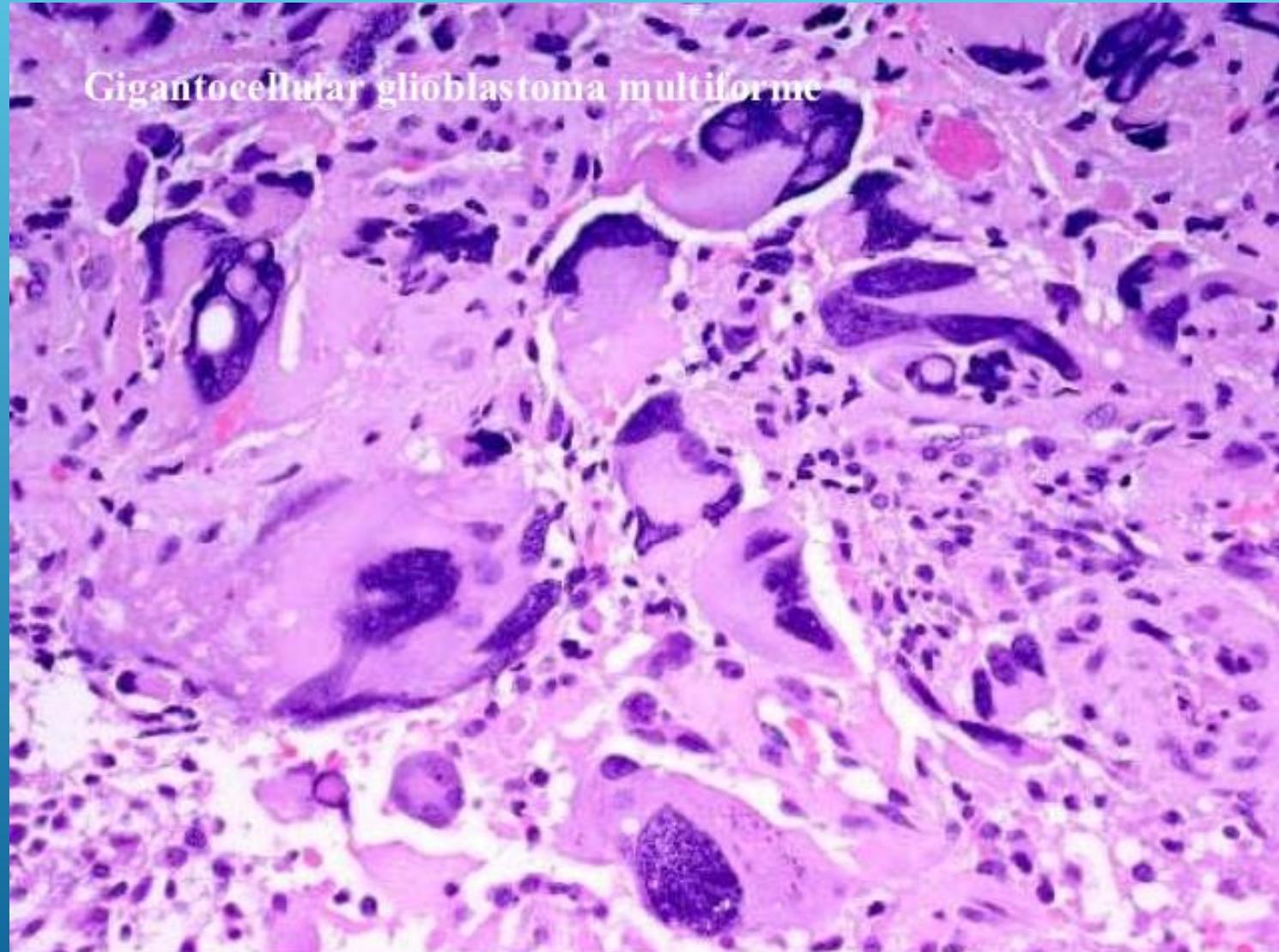
Mlađi od 45

Maksimalna resekcija tumora

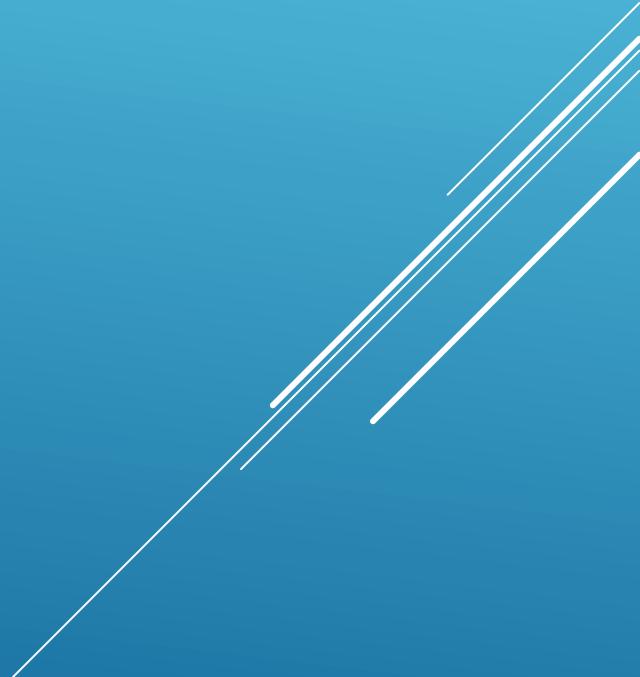


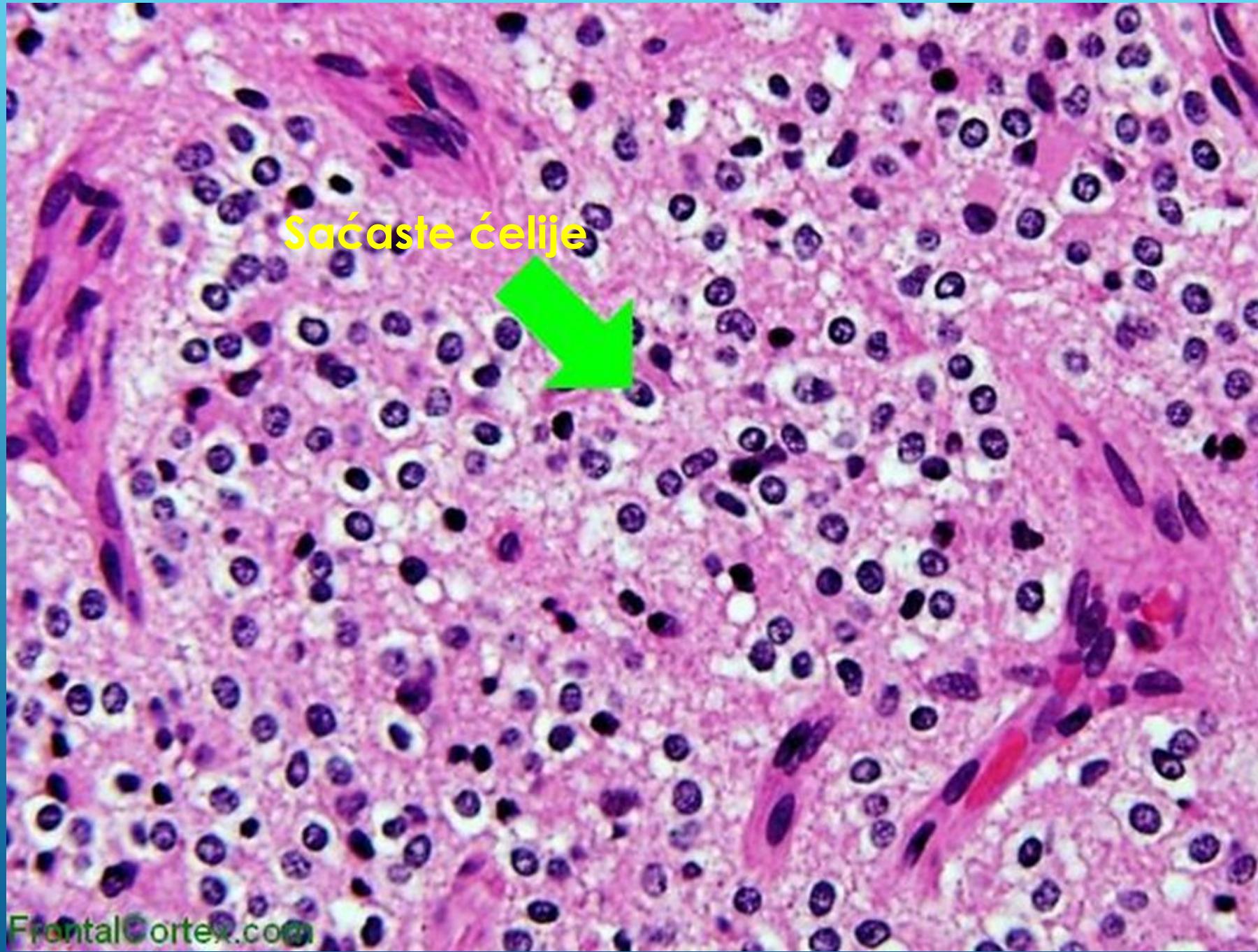
GIGANTOCELLULARNI GLIOBLASTOM

- ▶ Dominiraju bizarre, monstruozne džinovske ćelije i dobro razvijena retikulinska mreža strome



OLIGODENDROGLOMA





ANAPLASTIČNI OLIGODENDROGLIOM

- ▶ Povećana celularnost
- ▶ Nuklearna atipija
- ▶ Mitoze
- ▶ Mikrovaskularna proliferacija
- ▶ Nekroza

